ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	19
Statement of Net Position	20
Statement of Activities	21
Balance Sheets – Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities	23
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	24
Reconciliation of the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	26
Statements of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	27
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	28
Statements of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	29
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds	30
Notes to Financial Statements	31
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	56
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – General Fund	57
Schedule of Net Pension Liability – ACCG Pension Plan for McDuffie County Employees	60
Schedule of Contributions – ACCG Pension Plan for McDuffie County Employees	61
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	62

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS	63
General Fund	64
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	65
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	66
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	67
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Debt Fund	69
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Jail Fund	70
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Law Library Fund	71
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Juvenile Probation Fund	72
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Drug Task Force Fund	73
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	74
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Emergency Telephone System Fund	75
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Landfill Surcharge Fund	76
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Wireless Emergency Telephone System Fund	77
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Drug Forfeiture Fund	78
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – LMIG Fund	79
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Drug Court	80
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – CDBG Fund	81

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Transportation Fund	82
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Budgetary Basis) and Actual – Multiple Grant Fund	83
Fiduciary Funds	84
Combining Balance Sheet – Fiduciary Funds	85
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds	86
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	88
Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax 2004-2008	89
Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax 2009-2014	90
Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax 2015-2019	92
Schedule of Project Expenditures and Source and Application of Funds for Community Development Block Grants	94
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	96
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	99
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	100
Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control	101
Findings and Questioned Costs	103

(This page is intentionally left blank.)



4210 Columbia Road | Building 10 | Suite 101 | Augusta, GA 30907 *www.bairdgroupcpa.com* | Tel. (706) 855-9500 | Fax (706) 855-2900

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Commissioners McDuffie County, Georgia

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McDuffie County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We did not audit the financial statements of the McDuffie County Health Department, a discretely presented component unit, whose statements reflect total assets and deferred outflows of \$591,859 and total net position of (\$195,430) as of June 30, 2020, and total revenues of \$658,216 for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the McDuffie County Health Department, is based on the report of other auditors.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the McDuffie County Health Department, a discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for McDuffie County, Georgia, is based solely on the report of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

McDuffie County, Georgia Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McDuffie County, Georgia, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 5 through 18), the Schedule of the Net Pension Liability (on page), the Schedule of Contributions (on page 61), the Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (on page 62) and budgetary comparison information (on page 57 through 59), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise McDuffie County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Taxes 2004-2008, Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Taxes 2015-2019 and Schedule of Project Expenditures and Source and Application of Funds for Community Development Block Grants are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Taxes 2004-2008, Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Taxes 2015-2019 and Schedule of Project Expenditures and Source and Application of Funds for Community Development Block Grants, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the of Schedule Special Purpose Local Option Sales Taxes 2004-2008, Schedule of Special Purpose Local Option Sales Taxes 2009-2014, Schedule of Project Expenditures and Source and Application of Funds for Community Development Block Grants are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

McDuffie County, Georgia Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 18, 2021, on our consideration of McDuffie County Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering McDuffie County Georgia's internal control over financial reporting.

Baid audit Shoup, SLC

The Baird Audit Group, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Augusta, Georgia June 18, 2021

(This page is intentionally left blank.)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MCDUFFIE COUNTY GOVERNMENT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

As management of McDuffie County, we offer the readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented in this analysis along with the complete financial statements and notes in the 2020 Audit Report to enhance their understanding of McDuffie County's financial performance.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to McDuffie County Government's financial statements which include government-wide and fund statements as well as notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financials that may be of interest to the reader.

McDuffie County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: The first component is government-wide financial statements, second is fund financial statements and third, notes to the financial statements. The Government-wide financial statements present an overall picture of McDuffie County's financial position and results of operations. The Fund financial statements present financial information for McDuffie County's major funds. The Notes to the financial statements provide additional information concerning McDuffie County's finances that are not disclosed in the Government-wide or Fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a similar manner to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. The purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the County's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the County's taxpayers. This statement also presents a comparison between direct expense and program revenues for each function of the government.

Both statements attempt to distinguish functions of McDuffie County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we divide the County into three kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities—Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, highway and streets, health and welfare, culture and recreation, judicial system and economic development.
- Business-type activities—The County charges a fee to customers to help cover the cost of certain services it provides. The County's solid waste and Raysville Campground operations are reported here.

• Component units-- The County includes two separate entities in our report, The Development Authority of McDuffie County and the City of Thomson, and the McDuffie County Health Department. The Development Authority serves to promote, pursue and implement economic development in the County. The Health Department is a public health department serving all citizens and non-citizens of McDuffie County needing the available services provided by the Health Department.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20-21 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Like other state and local governments, McDuffie County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information present for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. This will allow readers to better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains 32 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the major funds. McDuffie County reports three major governmental funds – General Fund, SPLOST VI, and Other Governmental Funds.

Proprietary Funds

The Government has two type of proprietary funds report used to account for activities that operate similar to commercial enterprises found in the private sector. The proprietary funds are the Solid Waste Fund and the EMS Fund. These funds charges fees for services provided to outside customers including other local governments and are known as enterprise funds.

The proprietary fund statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held by the government for private organizations, other governments or other departments inside the government. The government is responsible for ensuring that these assets are used only for their intended purposes and are paid to the intended recipients. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's operation or programs. However, the accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-31 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as useful indicators of a government's overall financial position to determine if the Government is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the Government's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference being reported as net position.

Government Assets exceed liabilities by \$52 million for December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019. Management has included comparative data which may be useful in comparing the current year and noting possible changes. The largest portion of McDuffie County's net position, 73%, reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, roads and equipment. The balance of unrestricted net position of 12% in 2020 and 13% in 2019 may be used to meet the Government's obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table provides a summary of the County's governmental and business-type net position for fiscal year 2020 and 2019.

MCDUFFIE COUNTY NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	Governmental Activities		Business-Typ	e Activities	Totals			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019		
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$ 18,504,402	\$ 16,650,233	\$ 1,334,544	\$ 374,891	\$ 19,838,946 \$	17,025,124		
Capital assets, net	39,062,411	42,314,857	6,092,267	758,373	\$ 45,154,678 \$	43,073,230		
Total assets	57,566,813	58,965,090	7,426,811	1,133,264	64,993,624	60,098,354		
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred outflows related to pension	1,060,716	1,491,544			1,060,716	1,491,544		
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,060,716	1,491,544			1,060,716	1,491,544		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	58,627,529	60,456,634	7,426,811	1,133,264	66,054,340	61,589,898		
Liabilities								
Current and other liabilities	2,859,121	3,008,166	367,567	63,860	3,226,688	3,072,026		
Long-term liabilities	1,744,570	4,204,462	182,021	194,229	4,795,740	4,398,691		
Total liabilities	4,603,691	7,212,628	549,588	258,089	8,022,428	7,470,717		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred inflows related to pension	1,364,050	823,507		-	1,364,050	823,507		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,364,050	823,507			1,364,050	823,507		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	5,967,741	8,036,135	549,588	258,089	9,386,478	8,294,224		
Net Position								
Invested in capital assets, net related debt	37,242,411	38,694,857	6,092,267	758,373	43,334,678	39,453,230		
Restricted - Capital Projects	7,504,775	5,977,631	-	-	7,504,775	5,977,631		
Restricted - Special Revenues	1,343,100	1,223,593	-	-	1,343,100	1,223,593		
Restricted - Debt Service	12,286	14,844	-	-	12,286	14,844		
Unrestricted	6,557,216	6,509,574	784,956	116,802	7,342,172	6,626,376		
Total net position	\$ 52,659,788	\$ 52,420,499	\$ 6,877,223	\$ 875,175	\$ 59,537,011 \$	53,295,674		

Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Government's net position by \$239,289. Listed below are some of the key elements of this change:

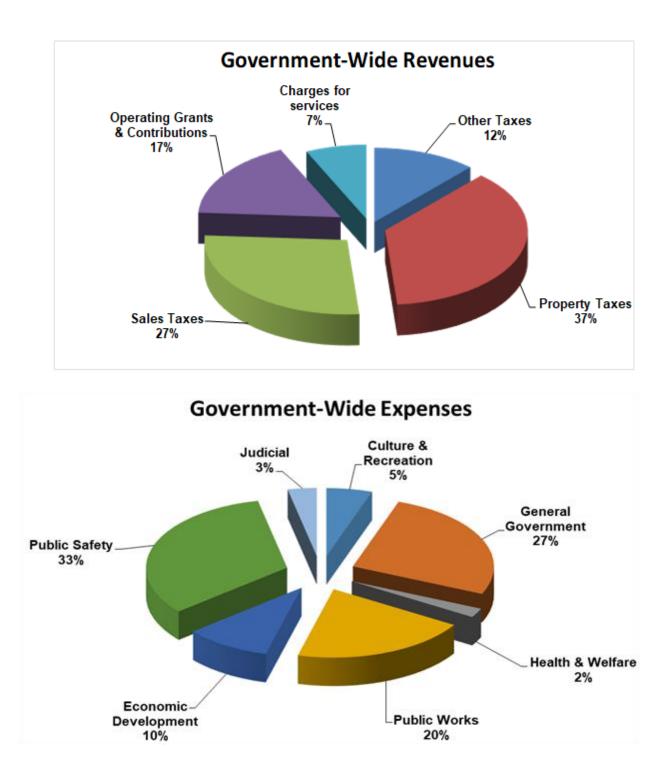
Governmental Revenues: The main source of revenues for governmental activities is property tax collections which represented 49% of the total governmental revenues. Sales tax increased by \$326,803 from the previous year along with the franchise, excise taxes, license and permits.

Governmental Functional Expenses: As reflected in the changes for net position, the Government increased spending by \$205,419 above the previous year. Expenses for public safety increased due to the Emergency medical Services and Fire Department being changed to an enterprise fund and capital assets being transferred. Expenses such as economic development, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and judicial services decreased due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the Government's net position by approximately \$6,002,048. This increase is attributed to the new business type activities being added this year for Big Hart/Raysville Campground and emergency Medical Services. Capital assets for emergency medical services were transferred from general government activities to business-type activities in the amount of \$5,636,745 which created this substantial increase in net position.

MCDUFFIE COUNTY CHANGES IN NET POSITION Governmental Activities Business-Type

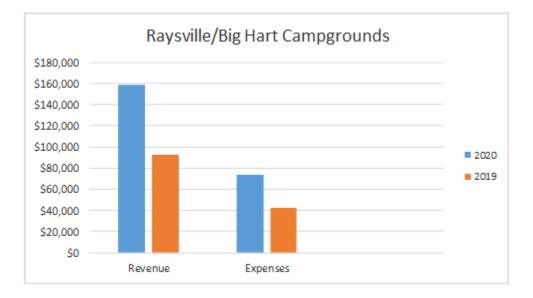
					Tatala		
	Governmental	Activities	Business	s-Type	Total	S	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	903,195	5,555,324			903,195	5,555,324	
Solid Waste	-	-	1,624,287	1,423,125	1,624,287	1,423,125	
EMS	-	-	3,678,060	-	3,678,060	-	
Camp grounds	-	-	158,873	92,847	158,873	92,847	
Operating Grants & Contributions	2,234,631	1,349,269			2,234,631	1,349,269	
Capital Grants & Contributions	7,135,395	5,214,243			7,135,395	5,214,243	
Total Program Revenues	10,273,221	12,118,836	5,461,220	1,515,972	15,734,441	13,634,808	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes	4,816,865	5,114,546	-	-	4,816,865	5,114,546	
Sales taxes	3,573,505	3,246,702	-	-	3,573,505	3,246,702	
Franchise taxes	83,195	81,250	-	-	83,195	81,250	
Intangible taxes	00,170	-	_	_	-	-	
Hotel/motel taxes	195,462	305,427	_	_	195,462	305,427	
Alcoholic beverage taxes	220,425	198,401	_	_	220,425	198,401	
Financial institution tax	220,125	190,101	_	_			
Real estate transfer tax			_	_	-	-	
Energy Excise Tax	184,636	257,599		_	184,636	257,599	
Timber tax	27,918	64,931	_	_	27,918	64,931	
Insurance premium tax	27,910	1,004,754	_		27,910	1,004,754	
Interest income	18,463	46,720	6,776,690	_	6,795,153	46,720	
Payments in lieu of taxes	40,370	40,720	0,770,090	_	40,370	40,720	
Licences and permits	226,334	186,193	_		226,334	186,193	
Motor Vehicle tax	103,406	128,825	-	-	103,406	128,825	
Miscellaneous taxes	438,124	438,584	_	_	438,124	438,584	
Total General Revenues	9,928,703	11,114,436	6,776,690		16,705,393	11,114,436	
Total Revenue	20,201,924	23,233,272	12,237,910	1,515,972	32.439.834	24,749,244	
Expenses:							
General government	4,196,152	4,046,134	-	-	4,196,152	4,046,134	
Public Safety	8,664,553	8,155,380	-	-	8,664,553	8,155,380	
Public Works	3,216,561	3,925,136	-	-	3,216,561	3,925,136	
Health & welfare	343,360	431,774	-	-	343,360	431,774	
Solid Waste	-	-	1,598,030	1,547,769	1,598,030	1,547,769	
EMS	-	-	5,188,001		5,188,001	-, ,	
Camp grounds	_	_	73,264	42,621	73,264	42,621	
Economic Development	1,589,969	453,976			1,589,969	453,976	
Culture & recreation	832,248	923,189	-	-	832,248	923,189	
Judicial	526,359	1,198,194	-	-	526,359	1,198,194	
Water	-		-	189,144	-	1,190,194	
Total Expenses	19,369,202	19,133,783	6,859,295	1,779,534	26,228,497	20,913,317	
Transfers Out	(623,433)	(91,521)	623,433	91,521	-	-	



Business-type activities

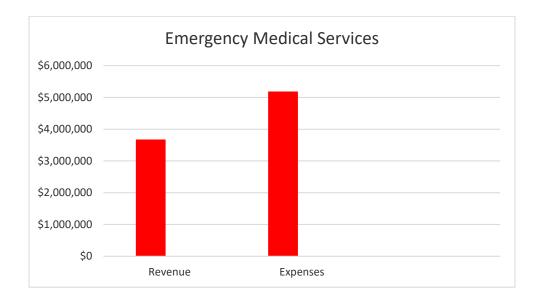
Business-type activities for Raysville and Big Hart Campgrounds reflected higher expenses and revenues for 2020. The increase in expenses was due to getting Big Hart Campground ready to be opened. Raysville Campground increase rates from \$26 to \$28 per night which increased revenues. Also, Raysville had an increase in the number of rentals for 2020. The solid waste system incurred a profit of \$26,257 for the year. The illustration below compares the revenues and expenses for 2020 and 2019.

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES 2020





Emergency Medical Services is a new business-type activity for 2020. The total expenses were \$5,188,001 and charges for services was \$3,678,060. This fund received a total of \$711,858 in Cares Act and Cares Act Provider Relief Funds.



Financial Analysis of McDuffie County's Funds

As noted earlier, McDuffie County employs fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In assessing McDuffie County's financing requirements, unassigned fund balance is a particularly useful measure of net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The governmental fund types include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Fund. The major funds are General Fund and SPLOST VI.

As of December 31, 2020, McDuffie County governmental funds, which include the major funds and various other funds, reported combined fund balances of \$17,277,144.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At December 31, 2020, total fund balance was \$8,416,983. The fund balance of McDuffie County has increased by \$292,835 since 2019.

Capital Project funds account for the construction of capital improvements with SPLOST VI being the major fund. The SPLOST Capital Project Fund reflects funds collected from the 1% Special Local Option Sales Tax and expended for capital items that are in agreement with the resolution approved by the voters. Because projects often bridge several years and involve design, land acquisition, and construction phases, expenditures may vary widely from year to year. Costs expended yearly in capital projects funds are added to the County's construction-in-progress until the project is complete, and then depreciated over the assets' useful lives.

Transportation SPLOST is another major fund for the Government. This fund reflects revenues collected from the 1% Special Local Option Sales Tax that is designated for road construction and improvements.

A Local Maintenance and Improvement Grant was awarded annually by the Georgia Department of Transportation. The Board of Commissioners submits a listing of recommendations along with the estimated costs to the State of Georgia. Once approved by the State, the grant is awarded and funds are disbursed to the County. Any additional funds needed are funded through SPLOST and T-SPLOST known as the Transportation Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund statements provide the same information as in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statements, but in greater detail, and on a fund basis for enterprise funds. Enterprise Funds – At December 31, 2020, total net position amounted to \$6,877,223 for enterprise funds compared to \$875,175 at December 31, 2019. The reason for this dramatic change is delineated below. Net position changes are a result of operations, other non-operating revenues and expenses, capital contributions and donated assets and grants.

The solid waste transfer system had a profit of \$26,257 for the year. The revenues increased by \$201,162 and the expenditures increased by \$50,261 for the year. Big Hart and Raysville Campgrounds had a profit \$85,609 and Emergency Medical Services had a loss of \$1,509,941. Assets were transferred into the Emergency Medical Services fund in the amount of \$5,636,745 contributing to the increase in net position.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

McDuffie County has invested \$39,062,411 in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). Approximately 99% of this investment is related to governmental activities and includes infrastructure, land, buildings and machinery and equipment. As always McDuffie County continues to increase capital assets each year to provide the best services to the citizens of McDuffie County. Capital assets are discussed in more detail in Note 7 of the financial statements.

The Citizens of McDuffie County voted to pass the T-SPLOST and tax collections began in January, 2013. These additional revenues were used for the resurfacing and paving of roads in the community along with joint projects with other Counties. In 2015, Georgia Department of Transportation approved the expansion of the western bypass. This award was in the amount of \$16,987,900. This expansion will be near the new University Hospital McDuffie facility and connect to the other completed portion of the western bypass. This project will be paid from the T-SPLOST proceeds for joint projects with other Counties.

During 2021, the County will began receiving collections from SPLOST VII, which is the new six year SPLOST the voters approved in 2020. These funds will assist with many capital assets needed in the community.

Capital assets held by the County at the end of the fiscal year are summarized as follows:

McDuffie County Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmenta	l Activities	Business Activi		Tot	Totals			
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019			
Land	\$3,588,475	\$3,595,233	\$319,649	\$312,891	\$3,908,124	\$3,908,124			
Buildings	38,737,089	41,023,262	2,643,329	212,237	41,380,418	41,235,499			
Machinery & equipment	9,476,357	12,358,054	3,592,611	393,716	13,068,968	12,751,770			
Infrastructure	48,826,728	47,759,402			48,826,728	47,759,402			
Construction in progress	3,329,650	2,132,434	293,843	287,173	3,623,493	2,419,607			
Total Assets	103,958,299	106,868,385	6,849,432	1,206,017	110,807,973	108,074,402			
Accumulated Depreciation	-64,895,888	-64,553,528	-2,630,725	-447,644	-67,526,613	-65,001,172			
Net Capital Assets	\$39,062,411	\$42,314,857	\$4,218,707	\$758,373	\$43,281,118	\$43,073,230			

Listed below are some of the significant capital asset transactions which occurred in 2020:

- Capital assets purchased during 2020 included three patrol vehicles totaling \$118,524, digital images \$15,756, county road equipment \$227,201, rescue pumper \$386,860 and other capital assets totaling \$111,271.
- Local maintenance and Improvement Grant funded a portion of road resurfacing in the amount of \$500,696.
- T-SPLOST funded a portion of road resurfacing in the amount of \$508,556.
- A western bypass is being constructed to connect to the existing eastern bypass allowing trucks and other traffic to bypass the downtown area. The tentative budget for this project is \$16,987,900.

Debt Service

McDuffie County is a very fiscally conservative government. Debt agreements are used for capital outlay items. McDuffie County continues to have an excellent credit rating with Dunn & Bradstreet and should have no conflicts that would affect the financing of any planned facilities or services.

The County entered into a general obligation bond in the amount of \$17,655,000 during 2008 to build a new government complex building. Interest and principal payments of \$1,877,000 were paid from SPLOST VI collections towards the general obligation bond. During 2016, The County entered into a bond agreement for \$5,585,000 with bearing interest rates of 2 - 3% to refund \$5,280,000 of the County's bond which was issued during 2008. This refunding will save the County a present value of \$236,386. All payments for this debt will be completed in the year 2021. Standard & Poor's Rating Services has raised its rating on McDuffie County's general obligation bond to AA- from A+.

The State of Georgia has established a limit on the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue. The law limits the debt to 10% of the total assessed value of taxable property located with the government's jurisdiction. The legal debt margin for McDuffie County is approximately \$55 million.

The following table displays all debt owed by McDuffie County for the current and prior years. This entire amount is backed by full faith and credit of the government. This table presents accrued compensated absences which reflect the liability the county owes the employees for vacation time. Also, the table includes postclosure costs for the landfill. This liability represents the cost for routine water monitoring at the facility. The landfill was closed in 1995 and the county must maintain the landfill for thirty years. The net pension liability listed in the chart below represents the amount the County needs to fund future pension payments. This liability was calculated by the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. Note 9 of the financial statements provide a summary of the long term liability transactions for the year ending 2020.

McDuffie County Outstanding Debt Fiscal Years 2020 and 2019

		nmental vities	Business-Typ Activities	 Tot	als		
Accrued compensated absences	\$440,698	\$ 347,639	\$15,188	\$10,207	\$ 455,886	\$	357,846
Net pension liability	1,303,872	2,036,823			1,303,872		2,036,823
Bonds payable	1,820,000	3,620,000			1,820,000		3,620,000
Postclosure costs			166,833	184,022	 166,833		184,022
Total Debt	\$3,564,570	\$ 6,004,462	\$182,021	\$194,229	 \$3,746,591	\$	6,198,691

Economic Factors and Rates

McDuffie County Board of Commissioners continues to aggressively address the current and future needs of the County by focusing on sound financial management, the reserve policy, the use of current resources for capital expenditures and the development of capital improvements plans. With a growing population the challenge is to continue to improve the quality of life by concentrating on the demands placed on other infrastructure such as providing residents in the County with water, sewer and many other quality services.

McDuffie County continues to strive to seek new developers and industries within the community. During 2020, another Sprint Foods was built near I-20 and a manufacturing company completed a \$400,000 expansion. A local developer continued work for the remodeling of a prominent property, where he plans to remodel the restaurant, development a wedding venue and build several townhomes in the rear of the property. The Town of Dearing, which is located within McDuffie County, built the first variety store and

a permit was issued for a second store. This is a milestone for the Town of Dearing which has around six hundred residents.

McDuffie County is making every effort to keep the unemployment rate low; however, the COVID-19 Pandemic has caused unemployment rates to peak. The unemployment rate as of December, 2020 was 5.7% compared to December, 2019 of 4.5%.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2020

- A millage increase of one mill was needed to balance the County budget for 2020.
- Big Hart Campground will be underneath the management of the County. This provides a recreational facility for the citizens of McDuffie County, as well as a tourist attraction for those wanting to enjoy the lake and outdoors. During 2020, expenses were incurred to get the McDuffie campground ready to be opened in the summer of 2021.
- McDuffie County received Cares Funding in the amount of \$746,058. These funds were used to assist with the funding of the McDuffie County Fire & EMS department.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of McDuffie County Government's finances for anyone interested in our County's finances. Questions concerning this report or any requests for additional information may be addressed to the McDuffie County Board of Commissioners, 210 Railroad Street, Thomson, GA 30824, and 706-597-7300 or at our Website: www.thomson-mcduffie.com.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION <u>DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	DECEN	Primary Governmen	Component Units				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Development Authority	Health Department		
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,713,000	\$ 451,599	\$ 14,164,599	\$ 1,517,029	\$ 423,717		
Investments	2,591,240	-	2,591,240	-	-		
Receivables							
Taxes	1,069,574	-	1,069,574	-	-		
Accounts	397,871	855,206	1,253,077	873,562	33,217		
A/R-Dept. of Public Health	-	-	-	-	11,897		
Intergovernmental Due from other funds	316,044	-	316,044	-	-		
	283,429	-	283,429	-	-		
Due from external parties	133,244	27,739	133,244 27,739	-	-		
Inventory Capital assets not being depreciated:	-	21,139	21,139	-	-		
Construction in progress	3,329,650	293,843	3,623,493				
Land	3,588,475	319,649	3,908,124	3,745,599	-		
Capital assets (net of accumulated	5,566,475	519,049	3,908,124	3,743,399	-		
depreciation)							
Buildings and improvements	24,465,845	1,669,912	26,135,757	1,787,442	_		
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	663,002	1,935,303	2,598,305	10,370	_		
Infrastructure	7,015,439	1,755,505	7,015,439	10,570	_		
Total assets		5 552 251		7.024.002	469 921		
	57,566,813	5,553,251	63,120,064	7,934,002	468,831		
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred outflows related to pension	1,060,716		1,060,716		123,028		
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,060,716		1,060,716		123,028		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	58,627,529	5,553,251	64,180,780	7,934,002	591,859		
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	640,233	315,081	955,314	-	3,621		
A/P-DPH	-	-	-	-	11,897		
Accrued liabilities	120,491	47,454	167,945	-	-		
Due to other funds	278,397	5,032	283,429	-	-		
Noncurrent liabilities							
Due within one year							
Bond payable	1,820,000	-	1,820,000	-	-		
Note payable	-	-	-	29,737	-		
Due in more than one year							
Note payable	-	-	-	151,849	-		
Bond payable	-	-	-	-	-		
Closure and post closure costs payable	-	166,833	166,833	-	-		
Compensated absences payable	440,698	15,188	455,886	-	32,562		
Net OPEB liability	-	-	-	-	76,584		
Net Pension liabilities	1,303,872		1,303,872		456,271		
Total liabilities	4,603,691	549,588	5,153,279	181,586	580,935		
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred inflows related to pension	1,364,050	_	1,364,050	_	206,354		
-							
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,364,050		1,364,050		206,354		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	5,967,741	549,588	6,517,329	181,586	787,289		
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	37,242,411	4,218,707	41,461,118	5,391,562	-		
Restricted for:							
Capital projects	7,504,775	-	7,504,775	-	-		
Special revenues	1,343,100	-	1,343,100	-	-		
Debt service	12,286	-	12,286	-	-		
Unrestricted	6,557,216	784,956	7,342,172	2,360,854	(195,430)		
Total net position	\$ 52,659,788	\$ 5,003,663	\$ 57,663,451	\$ 7,752,416	\$ (195,430)		

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Program Revenues			1	Net Revenue Exper	es in Net Position		
					Pr	imary Governmen	Compone	nt Units	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Development Authority	Health Department
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 4,168,709	\$ (239,623)	\$ 2,085,014	\$ 7,107,952		\$ -	\$ 4,784,634	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	4,901,368	-	-	-	(4,901,368)	-	(4,901,368)	-	-
Public works	3,216,561	-	-	-	(3,216,561)	-	(3,216,561)	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	(343,360)	-	(343,360)	-	-
Culture and recreation Economic development	832,248 1,559,969	47,859 297,962	-	-	(784,389) (1,262,007)	-	(784,389) (1,262,007)	-	-
Judicial	526,359	796,997	149,617	-	420,255	-	420,255	-	-
Total governmental activities	15,548,574	903,195	2,234,631	7,107,952	(5,302,796)		(5,302,796)		
Business-type activities:	15,540,574	705,175	2,234,031	7,107,752	(3,302,190)		(3,302,770)		
Solid Waste	1,598,030	1,624,287				26,257	26,257		
EMS	5,188,001	3,678,060	71,979	-	-	(1,437,962)	(1,437,962)	-	-
Big Hart & Raysville Campgrounds	73,264	158,873	-	-	-	85,609	85,609	-	-
Total business-type activities	6,859,295	5,461,220	71,979			(1,326,096)	(1,326,096)		
Total primary government	\$ 22,407,869	\$ 6,364,415	\$ 2,306,610	\$ 7,107,952	(5,302,796)	(1,326,096)	(6,628,892)		
Component units:	¢ 22,407,007	\$ 0,504,415	\$ 2,500,010	\$ 7,107,952	(3,302,190)	(1,520,090)	(0,020,072)		
Development Authority	\$ 276,665	\$ 95,183	\$ 32,443	\$ -				(149,039)	_
Health Department	\$ 270,005 539,125	163,113	495,028	φ -				(14),03)	119,016
Total component units	\$ 815,790	\$ 258,296	\$ 527,471	\$ -				(149,039)	119,016
i otal component antis	General revenues:	\$ 250,270	¢ 527,471	Ŷ				(14),000)	119,010
	Property taxes				4,816,865	-	4,816,865	-	-
	Sales taxes				3,573,505	-	3,573,505	-	-
	Franchise taxes				83,195	-	83,195	-	-
	Insurance premium tax				-	1,066,808	1,066,808	-	-
	Hotel/motel taxes				195,462	-	195,462	-	-
	Motor vehicle tax				103,406	-	103,406	-	-
	Alcoholic beverage taxes				220,425	-	220,425	-	-
	Excise tax				184,636	-	184,636	-	-
	Timber tax				27,918	-	27,918	-	-
	Licences and permits				226,334	-	226,334	-	-
	Miscellaneous taxes				438,124	-	438,124	-	-
	Payments in lieu of taxes				40,370	-	40,370	-	-
	Interest - unrestricted				18,463	1,158	19,621	4,960	75
	Total general revenues				9,928,703	1,067,966	10,996,669	4,960	75
	Asset transfers				(3,763,185)	3,763,185			
	Transfers				(623,433)	623,433	-	-	-
	Change in net position				239,289	4,128,488	4,367,777	(144,079)	119,091
	Net position, beginning of year				52,420,499	875,175	53,295,674	7,896,495	(314,521)
	Net position, end of year				\$ 52,659,788	\$ 5,003,663	\$ 57,663,451	\$ 7,752,416	\$ (195,430)
	The position, end of your				¢ 52,057,700	\$ 5,005,005	\$ 57,005,451	φ <i>1,152,</i> 410	÷ (175,450)

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS <u>DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	General SPLOST		Other Governmental SPLOST VI Funds		overnmental	 Total Governmental Funds	
		ASSET	ГS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,253,050	\$	5,465,975	\$	2,993,975	\$ 13,713,000
Investments		2,591,240		-		-	2,591,240
Receivables							
Property taxes, net allowance		738,022		-		-	738,022
Sales tax		100		331,452		-	331,552
Other		307,438		-		90,433	397,871
Due from other funds		181,617		-		101,812	283,429
Intergovernmental receivables		-		-		316,044	316,044
Due from external parties	_	133,244		-			 133,244
Total assets	\$	9,204,711	\$	5,797,427	\$	3,502,264	\$ 18,504,402

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES

Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 413,291	\$ 1,189	\$ 225,753	\$ 640,233
Accrued liabilities	86,130	-	34,361	120,491
Due to other funds	 100,170	 	 178,227	 278,397
Total liabilities	 599,591	 1,189	 438,341	 1,039,121
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	 188,137	 	 	 188,137
Total deferred inflows	 188,137	 	 	 188,137
Fund Balances				
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	-	5,796,238	1,708,537	7,504,775
Special revenues	-	-	1,343,100	1,343,100
Debt	-	-	12,286	12,286
Unassigned	 8,416,983	 	 	 8,416,983
Total fund balances	 8,416,983	 5,796,238	 3,063,923	 17,277,144
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$ 9,204,711	\$ 5,797,427	\$ 3,502,264	\$ 18,504,402

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES <u>DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

Total fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 17,277,144</u>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:	
Construction in process	3,329,650
Land	3,588,475
Infrastructure	48,826,728
Buildings and improvements	38,737,089
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	9,476,357
Accumulated depreciation	(64,895,888)
Total capital assets	39,062,411
Some revenues will be collected after year end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred	
in the funds.	188,137
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, it and the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not are parted in the funde.	(1.607.206)
are not reported in the funds.	(1,607,206)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	
General obligations	(1,820,000)
Compensated absences	(440,698)
Total long-term liabilities	(2,260,698)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 52,659,788

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS <u>DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

			Other	Total	
			Governmental	Governmental	
	General	SPLOST VI	Funds	Funds	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 9,488,444	\$ 3,846,120	\$ 1,160,996	\$ 14,495,560	
Licenses and permits	226,334	-	-	226,334	
Intergovernmental	1,150,329	-	3,380,100	4,530,429	
Fines and forfeitures	698,540	-	84,650	783,190	
Charges for services	(254,185)	-	28,369	(225,816)	
Contributions and donations from private sources	500	-	-	500	
Rentals	47,859	-	-	47,859	
Telephone commissions	-	-	-	-	
Commissary	-	-	-	-	
Other revenue	133,039	-	164,923	297,962	
Other financing sources	-	-	-	-	
Interest		13,760	4,703	18,463	
Total revenues	11,490,860	3,859,880	4,823,741	20,174,481	
EXPENDITURES					
Current expenditures:					
General government	3,339,794	-	82,174	3,421,968	
Public safety	3,637,292	-	775,771	4,413,063	
Public works	1,406,438	-	352,926	1,759,364	
Health and welfare	270,238	-	38,309	308,547	
Culture and recreation	715,410	-	-	715,410	
Judicial	515,411	-	10,948	526,359	
Housing and development	1,119,181	-	177,295	1,296,476	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	
Lawn care	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	12,959	12,959	
Capital outlay:					

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

General government	9,989	11,657	-	21,646
Public safety	147,074	390,543	-	537,617
Judicial	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Public works	13,153	451,105	2,245,553	2,709,811
Economic development	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	18,300	-	1,800,000	1,818,300
Interest			72,600	72,600
Total expenditures	_11,192,280	853,305	5,568,535	17,614,120
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	298,580	3,006,575	(744,794)	2,560,361
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	72,635	-	2,000,664	2,073,299
Transfer out	(78,380)	(1,872,600)	(745,752)	(2,696,732)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,745)	(1,872,600)	1,254,912	(623,433)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	292,835	1,133,975	510,118	1,936,928
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,124,148	4,662,263	2,553,805	15,340,216
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 8,416,983	\$ 5,796,238	\$ 3,063,923	<u>\$ 17,277,144</u>

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,936,928
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. For the current year, these amounts were:	
Capital outlay	3,269,074
Depreciation expense	 (3,038,900)
Net change in capital assets	 230,174
Because some revenues will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds.	 86,286
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, the repayment of the principal of long- term debt consume the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.	
Net change in debt	 1,800,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Changes in McDuffie's proportionate share of the net pension liability, deferred outflows	
of resources, and deferred inflows of resources for the current year are not reported	
in the governmental funds but are reported in the Statement of Activities	(238,420)
Compensated absences	 (93,059)
	 (331,479)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 239,289

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS <u>DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Big Hart & Raysville					
		EMS	_	Camp grounds		Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash	\$	9,636	\$	164,155	\$	277,808	\$ 451,599
Accounts receivable		725,797		7,500		121,909	855,206
Inventory		27,739	_			-	27,739
Total current assets		763,172	_	171,655		399,717	1,334,544
Noncurrent assets							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Construction in progress		-		-		293,843	293,843
Land		6,758		-		312,891	319,649
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)							
Buildings and improvements		1,598,671		-		71,241	1,669,912
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		1,877,191	_	-		58,112	1,935,303
Total noncurrent assets		3,482,620	_	<u> </u>		736,087	4,218,707
Total assets	\$	4,245,792	\$	171,655	\$	1,135,804	\$ 5,553,251
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION							
Liabilities							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable		138,049		10,775		166,257	315,081
Due to other funds		5,032		-		-	5,032
Accrued liabilities		44,234	_	785		2,435	47,454
Total current liabilities		187,315	_	11,560		168,692	367,567
Noncurrent liabilities							
Compensated absences		-		1,013		14,175	15,188
Closure and post closure costs payable		-	_	-		166,833	166,833
Total noncurrent liabilities		-	_	1,013		181,008	182,021
Total liabilities		187,315	_	12,573		349,700	549,588
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		3,482,620		-		736,087	4,218,707
Restricted		-		-		-	-
Unrestricted		575,857	_	159,082		50,017	784,956
Total net position		4,058,477	_	159,082		786,104	5,003,663
Total liabilities and net position	\$	4,245,792	\$	171,655	\$	1,135,804	<u>\$ 5,553,251</u>

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
		Big Hart &	Solid		
		Raysville	Waste		
	EMS	Camp grounds	Fund	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 3,678,060	<u>\$ 158,873</u>	\$1,624,287	\$5,461,220	
Total operating revenues	3,678,060	158,873	1,624,287	5,461,220	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel services	3,521,596	12,165	266,655	3,800,416	
Operations	1,385,840	61,099	1,302,419	2,749,358	
Depreciation	280,565		28,956	309,521	
Total operating expenses	5,188,001	73,264	1,598,030	6,859,295	
Operating income	(1,509,941)	85,609	26,257	(1,398,075)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	-	-	1,158	1,158	
Insurance premium tax	1,066,808	-	-	1,066,808	
Grants	59,641	-	-	59,641	
Contributions and donations from private sources	12,338			12,338	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,138,787		1,158	1,139,945	
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	(371,154)	85,609	27,415	(258,130)	
Capital contributions	3,763,185	-	-	3,763,185	
Transfers in (out)	666,446	(14,945)	(28,068)	623,433	
Change in net position	4,058,477	70,664	(653)	4,128,488	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		88,418	786,757	875,175	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 4,058,477	\$ 159,082	\$ 786,104	\$ 5,003,663	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
		Big Hart & Raysville	Solid Waste		
	EMS	Campgrounds	Fund	Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers	2,924,524	158,873	1,502,378	4,585,775	
Payments to suppliers	(1,242,759)	(58,610)	(1,137,993)	(2,439,362)	
Payment to employees	(3,477,362)	(12,165)	(266,655)	(3,756,182)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	(1,795,597)	88,098	97,730	(1,609,769)	
CASH INFLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
	1 905 222	(14.045)	(20, 22.0)	17(10(2	
Cash received from property and other taxes	1,805,233	(14,945)	(29,226)	1,761,062	
Net cash provided by provided by noncapital financing activities	1,805,233	(14,945)	(29,226)	1,761,062	
CASH INFLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Construction of capital assets			(6,670)	(6,670)	
construction of capital assets			(0,070)	(0,070)	
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities			(6,670)	(6,670)	
CASH OUTFLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of capital assets	-	-	-	-	
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities					
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES			1,158	1,158	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	9,636	73,153	62,992	145,781	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		91,002	214,816	305,818	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 9,636	\$ 164,155	\$ 277,808	\$ 451,599	
Reconciliation of net operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating income	<u>\$ (1,509,941)</u>	\$ 85,609	\$ 27,415	<u>\$ (1,116,352)</u>	
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	280,565	-	28,956	309,521	
Change in accounts receivable	(725,797)	(7,500)	(52,836)	(786,133)	
Change in accounts payable	143,081	8,191	112,627	263,899	
Change in accrued postclosure	-	-	(17,189)	(17,189)	
Change in accrued liabilities	44,234	785	(5,211)	39,808	
Inventory	(27,739)		(0,211)	(27,739)	
Change in compensated absences		1,013	3,968	4,981	
Total adjustments	(285,656)	2,489	70,315	72,804	
				, ~ ~ 1	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (1,795,597)	\$ 88,098	\$ 97,730	\$ (1,609,769)	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS <u>DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

		Agency Funds	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	830,161	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	830,161	
LIABILITIES			
Due to others	\$	830,161	
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	830,161	

•

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Introduction

The financial statements of McDuffie County, Georgia (the County) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

As permitted by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the County has elected to apply only applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, that do not contradict GASB pronouncements in its accounting and reporting practices for its government-wide and proprietary operations. The County's more significant accounting policies are described in the following:

B. The Financial Reporting Entity

McDuffie County, Georgia, (the County), is located in the Central Savannah River Area of Georgia, west of Augusta, Georgia. It was created from Columbia and Warren counties in 1872, the one-hundred thirty-second county created in Georgia. The County was named for George McDuffie, who was born in Georgia, served as governor and senator from South Carolina, and was a notable orator throughout the South. The County operates under an elected Commission, appointed manager, form of government.

The accompanying summary of the County's more significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the financial statements and other data in this report. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. These policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units.

A board of five elected County Commissioners (the Board) governs McDuffie County, Georgia. They appoint a County Manager who is the Chief Administrative Officer and is responsible for day to day operations and implementation of the policy decisions made by the Board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present McDuffie County, Georgia, (the primary government) and its component units. The component units are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County.

C. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Development Authority of McDuffie County and the City of Thomson - The Authority was created for the purpose of promoting and developing trade, commerce, industry, and employment opportunities within the County. A Board of Directors appointed by the County Board of Commissioners governs the Authority. The Authority is funded and administered by the County. Separate financial statements have not been prepared for the Development Authority of McDuffie County and the City of Thomson.

McDuffie County Health Department – The Health Department receives funding from McDuffie County. The McDuffie County Board of Commissioners appoints Board members. The McDuffie County Board of Health has a June 30, year-end, and the financial statements included herein are as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020. Separate financial statements have been issued, and are available from the McDuffie County Board of Health. The address is: McDuffie County Health Department, 300 Greenway Street, Thomson, GA 30824.

Discretely presented component units are presented in separate columns on the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities to emphasize legal separation from the County.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Certain County elected officials collect and disburse taxes, fees, fines, etc. Separate records of accountability are maintained for such transactions, which are recorded in the agency funds of the County. Receipts transferred from these funds to the County's General Fund, and Special Revenue Funds are included as revenue in these funds.

Operating costs for these officials are included as expenditures in the General Fund. These elected officials are:

Tax Commissioner Probate Court Judge Magistrate Court Judge Clerk of Superior Court Sheriff

D. Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements consist of the following:

Government-wide financial statements Fund financial statements Notes to the basic financial statements

Government-wide statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with the program or function of the County's governmental activities. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented, although the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements and the fiduciary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within sixty days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the County are also recognized as revenue. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the County and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with financial related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, state grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for general administration, public safety, highways and streets, health and welfare, and culture and recreation.

SPLOST VI Fund - The SPLOST VI Fund is used to account for proceeds from SPLOST VI.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

EMS Fund - EMS Fund is used to account for emergency medical services EMS was part of the General Fund in prior years. In fiscal year 2020, McDuffie County has decided to create a separate fund for EMS in order to properly account for its revenues and expenses.

Big Hart & Raysville Campgrounds Fund– The Big Hart and Raysville Campgrounds Fund is used to account for the cost of operating and maintaining the campsites. Big Hart Campground is a new acquisition for McDuffie County in fiscal year 2020.

Solid Waste Fund – The Solid Waste Fund is used to account for the cost of operating and maintaining the landfill facility.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. These funds account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity for individuals and other government units.

Fiduciary funds include all trust funds which account for assets held by the County as a trustee for individuals or other government units. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is accrual basis, much like that used for proprietary funds.

The County has adopted GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting of Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting and has elected to follow GAAP prescribed by GASB and all Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) standards issued prior to November 30, 1989. Subsequent to this date, the County accounts for its proprietary funds as presented by GASB.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting and distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted by the Board of Commissioners for the General, Debt Services and Special Revenue Funds on a total revenues and total expenditures basis.

The following are the statutory procedures followed by the Board in establishing a budget:

- 1. Prior to July 20, the County Manager receives budget requests from County Departments for the fiscal year commencing January 1.
- 2. Prior to the first Wednesday in August, the County Manager presents the proposed budget to the Board of Commissioners.
- 3. The Board of Commissioners holds public hearings.
- 4. Prior to October 20, the Board of Commissioners formally adopts the budget for the fiscal year commencing January 1.
- 5. The legal level of budgetary control is the departmental level.
- 6. All appropriations lapse at year end.
- 7. The operating budgets originally adopted may be revised or amended throughout the year as presented below:
 - a. The County Manager may authorize transfers (revisions) within the departments, except for substantive salary amendments.
 - b. The Board approves transfers (amendments) between departments or between funds.
 - c. Increases or decreases in the total fund appropriation are by authority of the Board.
 - d. Increases or decreases within any department are by authority of the Board.
 - e. Appropriation of fund balances in excess of established reserve requirements are by authority of the Board.

The County's legally adopted budget is on the cash basis. The County adopted fiscal year 2020 budgets for the General Fund, Debt Services and Special Revenue Funds. A reconciliation of cash basis to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) is included in the financial statements. A project-length balanced budget was adopted for each capital project fund.

G. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

At December 31, 2020, the County reported no reserve for encumbrances.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

H. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Cash and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments that mature within three months of the date acquired.

The County follows GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (investments whose value is not affected by interest rates or other market changes), including savings accounts, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market investments (short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper, banker's acceptances and U.S. Treasury and agency obligations) and participating interest-bearing investment contracts, that have a remaining maturity, at purchase, of one year or less are reported at cost or amortized cost assuming their fair value has not been impacted by changes in the credit worthiness of the issuer or similar factors. All other investments are reported at fair value (the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale).

"Georgia Fund 1", created by OCGA 36-83-8, is a stable net asset value investment pool which follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAA rated money market funds. However, Georgia Fund 1 operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on a \$1.00 per share. The Office of the State Treasurer is the regulatory oversight agency for Georgia Fund 1.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their net realizable value.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) or specific identification methods. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded in the year of purchase in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as interfund receivables and payables on the balance sheet of the fund financial statements and as "internal balances" on the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Infrastructure acquired prior to June 30, 1980 is not reported.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Years</u>
25 - 50
20-25
20-50
5-15
3–5
2 - 10
15–40

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County had outflow of resources related to net pension liability.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and resources related to net pension liability.

Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused leave benefits. Employees are allowed to accumulate a maximum of 320 hours' vacation time; there are no limits on the accumulation of sick time. The County's government-wide and proprietary funds include an accrual for the estimated compensation costs attributable to employee earned but unused leave benefits. Compensated absences are liquidated through the General Fund.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary funds statement of net position.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Equity

Fund equity at the government fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund balance reported in the governmental funds financial statements generally represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. Fund balance classifications represent a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications may consist of the following:

- a. **Nonspendable** Fund balances are classified as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either i) in nonspendable form or ii) they are legally contractually required to be maintained intact. The County includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash such as inventories and prepaid amounts.
- b. **Restricted** Fund balances are reported as restricted when their use is restricted for specific purposes including i) constraints on funds externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or ii) constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Committed** Fund balances are reported as committed if their use is for a specific purpose as approved by formal action by the County Council (resolution). Amounts committed cannot be used for any other purpose unless Council removes or changes the specific use by approving such action through resolution at a Council meeting. Budget resolutions are considered a plan for specific use.
- d. **Assigned** Fund balances are reported as assigned when constrained by the County's intent to use the funds for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balances include i) all remaining amounts (except negative balances) reported in governmental funds, other than the General fund, that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed, and ii) amounts in the General Fund intended for a specific use identified by either the County Manager or Finance Director, and iii) amounts appropriated to eliminate a projected budget deficit in the subsequent year.
- e. **Unassigned** Fund balances are reported as unassigned when the balances do not meet any of the above four criteria for classification. The County reports positive unassigned fund balance in only the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all governmental funds.

For purposes of fund balance disbursement, unless otherwise approved by the County Council, the County will expend restricted fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Next the County will expand committed fund balance when an expenditure is paid for which unrestricted fund balance is available. The County would next disburse fund balance assigned for purposes of the fund before disbursing other assigned fund balance amounts. In the General Fund, the County would disburse unassigned fund balance prior to disbursing fund balance assigned for financial policy reserve levels or amounts assigned to eliminate subsequent year's budget deficit.

Net position is classified in three components in the government-wide financial statements.

- a. **Invested in capital assets, net of related debt** consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. **Restricted net position** consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Unrestricted net position** consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets".

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Property Taxes

Property taxes are an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the current tax year. Generally, taxes are levied in September and are due and payable on or before November 15. Since the tax digest, which is prepared by the McDuffie County Tax Appraiser, has to be approved by the Georgia Department of Revenue, the tax levy may be delayed later than September. In such cases, the taxes are due within 60 days after levy. The County bills and collects its property taxes. County property tax revenues are recognized when levied. An allowance is established for delinquent taxes to the extent that their collectability is improbable based on management's estimate of the amount to be collectible. Current year property taxes were levied September 11, 2020 and were due November 20, 2020.

K. Local Option Sales Tax

The County receives sixty-seven percent (67%) of a one percent (1%) local option sales tax on all retail sales within the County. The proceeds of this tax are used to reduce, on a dollar-for-dollar basis, the millage equivalent amount of property taxes to be levied in the subsequent year. Insurance premium taxes collected must also reduce the ensuing property tax levy. The County has established a fiscal policy to designate that portion of the General Fund's fund balance, if available, for subsequent years' expenditures.

NOTE 2 – MCDUFFIE COUNTY/CITY OF THOMSON, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWER COMMISSION

The City of Thomson, Georgia and McDuffie County, Georgia have established the McDuffie County/City of Thomson, Georgia, Water and Sewer Commission to operate, maintain and extend the water and sewerage system for the City/County area. The Commission assumed the ownership and operations of the City of Thomson Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund in 1988, in conjunction with funding for expansion with the one percent (1%) Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. The Commission has seven members, three each from the City and County, and the seventh appointed by the Commission. The Commission was established for a term of fifty years. The City and County are equally responsible for the ownership of and the future maintenance and improvements to the System. The System is a closed system whereby all funds derived from the operation of the System must be used for the purposes of operating, maintaining, improving, or expanding the System.

Based on the standards established by Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the Commission is a legally separate governmental organization classified as a joint venture. A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants in a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility.

Generally, the purpose of a joint venture is to pool resources and share the costs, risks, and rewards of providing goods or services to the venture participants directly, or for the benefit of the general public or specific service recipients. Joint control means that no single participant has the ability to unilaterally control the financial or operating policies of the joint venture.

An ongoing financial interest in a joint venture includes an equity interest when the agreement stipulates that the participating governments have a present or future claim on the net resources of the joint venture.

A participating government has an ongoing financial responsibility for a joint venture if it is obligated in some manner for the debts of the joint venture, or if the joint venture's continued existence depends on continued funding by the government.

NOTE 2 – MCDUFFIE COUNTY/CITY OF THOMSON, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWER COMMISSION- Continued

Each participating government of the Commission has final authority for establishing rules and water and sewer rates, fees, standards and any other policy matters as are appropriate for the efficient delivery of water and sewer services. As such, each participating government has an indirect financial responsibility for the System, as defined by GASB Statement No. 14.

The City and County share certain responsibilities with respect to the Commission. The City is responsible for operations, maintenance and customer billing for the System. The County is responsible for administering construction funds obtained through the Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax. The City and County jointly or individually administer grant and other funds, depending on the terms of such funding.

The basic financial statements of the Commission are presented in a manner consistent with primary governments. Operating transfers to the Commission by the participating governments are accounted for as intergovernmental transfers. Federal and state grant funds transferred to the Commission by the participating governments are accounted for as sub-recipient grant funds. Financial information for the year ended December 31, 2020, is summarized as follows:

Joint Ventures:	
Operating revenues	\$ 5,657,557
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,451,714
Operating income (loss)	4,666
Change in net position	968,593
Capital asset change	360,581
Net working capital	3,697,108
Total assets	40,194,773
Deferred outflows of resources	492,741
Long-term liabilities	9,616,441
Deferred inflows of resources	73,269
Total net position	\$ 30,062,096

These amounts are unaudited as a result of the Commission receiving a hardship extension under the COVID-19 regulations included in the governor's executive order.

The Commission has issued a separate financial report that may be obtained from:

City of Thomson P. O. Box 1017 Thomson, Georgia 30824

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Compliance with Bonds Payable

As of December 31, 2020, the County is in compliance, in all material respects, with requirements under covenants relating to its bonds payable.

Credit Risk – State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime banker's acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities.

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY- Continued

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments – Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

As of December 31, 2019, the County had the following investments:

Investments	Weighted Avg Maturities	F	'air Value	Credit Rating
Primary Government: Various Certificates of Deposit	43 days	\$	2,591,240	AAAm
Total fair value		\$	2,591,240	

Interest Rate Risk – The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 5 – TAXES RECEIVABLE

The County's Tax Commissioner bills and collects property taxes, then remits to the County its respective share of property taxes. Current year property taxes were levied September 11, 2020 and were due November 20, 2020. Property taxes become a lien on the first day of the levy year. Unpaid property taxes received within 60 days of year end are recognized and recorded as revenue (considered measurable and available), and property taxes unpaid 60 days after year end are recorded as unearned revenue. A summary of the 2020 tax levy follows:

		Ge	eneral Fund
2020 millage rate -	Incorporated		8.50
	Unincorporated		8.50
Net property tax levy		\$	4,857,329
Property tax receivable		\$	738,022
Property Tax collected in 2021			(549,885)
Property tax receivable, net allows	ance	\$	188,137
Unearned property tax revenues		\$	188,137

NOTE 6 – EXCISE TAX

In accordance with the provisions of O.C.G.A. § 48-13-110 et seq., there is imposed within the territorial limits of the special district created pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 48-13-111, an excise tax on the sale, use, storage, or consumption of energy when such sale, use, storage, or consumption would have constituted a taxable event for purposes of sales and use tax under O.C.G.A. § 48-8-1 et seq. but for the exemption in O.C.G.A. § 48-8-3.2. Such excise tax shall be levied and collected by the governing authority of McDuffie County pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 48-13-112 and 48-13-114 and as provided in this section. Energy tax revenue for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

MCDUFFIE COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS ENERGY EXCISE TAX 2020 AND 2019

MONTH <u>RECEIVED</u>	COLLECTION <u>MONTH</u>	ITY OF <u>OMSON</u>	GEORGIA <u>POWER</u>	1																	JEFFERSON <u>ENERGY</u>																		GAS SOUTH	N	MONTHLY <u>TOTAL</u>	<u>T</u>	2019 COTALS	VA	RIANCE
1/31/2020	DECEMBER	\$ 1,201	\$ 11,580	\$	76	\$	5 2,791	\$	-	\$	15,647	\$	23,133	\$	(7,486)																														
2/28/2020	JANUARY	1,213	9,851		92		3,031		-		14,186		21,948		(7,762)																														
3/31/2020	FEBRUARY	1,188	10,888		70		2,986		-		15,133		22,703		(7,570)																														
4/30/2020	MARCH	1,237	8,752		92		2,739		-		12,820		21,112		(8,292)																														
5/31/2020	APRIL	721	10,152		76		3,238		-		14,187		21,639		(7,452)																														
6/30/2020	MAY	860	8,937		72		2,729		-		12,599		24,095		(11,496)																														
7/31/2020	JUNE	805	9,134		122		2,567		-		12,628		18,732		(6,104)																														
8/31/2020	JULY	746	11,959		101		2,826		-		15,633		18,760		(3,127)																														
9/30/2020	AUGUST	902	15,112		146		2,768		-		18,927		25,595		(6,668)																														
10/31/2020	SEPTEMBER	1,211	14,886		33		2,869		-		18,999		25,250		(6,251)																														
11/30/2020	OCTOBER	1,208	12,678		127		2,888		-		16,900		20,880		(3,980)																														
12/31/2020	NOVEMBER	 1,441	 12,631		117	_	3,076		-	_	17,264		21,238		(3,974)																														
YTD Totals		\$ 12,733	\$ 136,559	\$	1,123	\$	34,508	\$		\$	184,924	\$	265,085	\$	(80,161)																														

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:
--

1 5 5	Balance 1/1/2020	Transfers/ Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2020
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Construction in process	\$ 2,132,434	\$ 1,197,216	\$ -	\$ 3,329,650
Land	3,595,233		(6,758)	3,588,475
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,727,667	1,197,216	(6,758)	6,918,125
Capital assets being depreciated				
Infrastructure	47,759,402	1,067,326	-	48,826,728
Buildings and improvements	41,023,262	144,919	(2,431,092)	38,737,089
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	12,358,054	859,613	(3,741,310)	9,476,357
Total capital assets being depreciated	101,140,718	2,071,858	(6,172,402)	97,040,174
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Infrastructure	(40,609,878)	(1,201,411)	-	(41,811,289)
Buildings and improvements	(14,090,987)	(1,012,678)	832,421	(14,271,244)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	(9,852,663)	(824,811)	1,864,119	(8,813,355)
Less accumulated depreciation	(64,553,528)	(3,038,900)	2,696,540	(64,895,888)
Net capital assets being depreciated	36,587,190	(967,042)	(3,475,862)	32,144,286
Governmental activities capital assets - net	\$ 42,314,857	\$ 230,174	\$ (3,482,620)	\$ 39,062,411

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 746,741
Public Safety	768,870
Highways and Streets	1,371,638
Health and Welfare	34,813
Culture and Recreation	 116,838
Totals	\$ 3,038,900

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Business-type capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

Big Hart & Raysville Campgrounds:

Big Hart & Raysville Campgrounds are leased from the corps of engineer and do not have any capital assets. The County is just managing the properties. Said premises are hereby leased for a term of five years, beginning March 20, 2015, and ending March 19, 2020. The lease has been renewed for another ten years, beginning March 20, 2020 and ending March 19, 2030.

Solid Waste Fund:

	 Balance 1/1/2020		Additions		Transfers/ Deletions		alance /31/2020
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Construction in process	\$ 287,173	\$	6,670	\$	-		\$ 293,843
Land	 312,891		-		-	_	 312,891
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 600,064		6,670			-	 606,734
Capital assets being depreciated							
Buildings and improvements	212,237		-			-	212,237
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	 393,716		-			_	 393,716
Total capital assets being depreciated	 605,953					_	 605,953
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	(135,690)		(5,306)			-	(140,996)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	 (311,954)		(23,650)			-	 (335,604)
Less accumulated depreciation	 (447,644)		(28,956)			_	 (476,600)
Net capital assets being depreciated	 158,309		(28,956)			-	 129,353
Business-type activities capital assets - net	\$ 758,373	\$	(22,286)	\$		-	\$ 736,087

EMS Fund	Balance 1/1/2020	Transfers/ Additions	Transfers/ Deletions	Balance 12/31/2020
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Construction in process	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Land		6,758		6,758
Total capital assets not being depreciated		6,758		6,758
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	-	2,431,092	-	2,431,092
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		3,198,895		3,198,895
Total capital assets being depreciated		5,629,987		5,629,987
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	-	(832,421)	-	(832,421)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		(1,321,704)		(1,321,704)
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,154,125)		(2,154,125)
Net capital assets being depreciated		3,475,862		3,475,862
Business-type activities capital assets - net	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 3,482,620	\$	\$ 3,482,620

EMS Fund was established as an Enterprise Fund in 2020. Assets were transferred in at their net carrying value.

Depreciation expense on capital assets of the Proprietary Funds was \$309,521 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Capitalization of Interest Costs requires that interest expenditures incurred during construction of assets be capitalized. *Capitalization of Interest Costs in Situations Involving Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants* concludes that constructed assets financed with the proceeds of tax-exempt debt (if those funds are externally restricted to finance the acquisitions of the asset or used to service the related debt) should include capitalized interest only to the extent that interest costs exceed interest earned on related interest-bearing borrowing. There were no construction period interest costs capitalized in the Water and Sewer Fund during the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Development Authority		Balance 1/1/2020 Additions				Transfers/ Deletions			Balance 12/31/2020		
Capital assets not being depreciated											
Land and land improvements	<u>\$</u>	3,745,599	\$		\$		-	\$	3,745,599		
Property, plant and equipment											
Buildings and improvements		2,444,760		-			-		2,444,760		
Equipment and furniture		57,001					-		57,001		
Total property, plant and equipment		2,501,761					_		2,501,761		
Less accumulated depreciation											
Buildings		(571,819)		(85,499)			-		(657,318)		
Equipment and furniture		(45,775)		(856)			_		(46,631)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(617,594)		(86,355)			_		(703,949)		
Net capital assets being depreciated		1,884,167		(86,355)			_		1,797,812		
Component unit capital assets - net	\$	5,629,766	\$	(86,355)	\$		-	\$	5,543,411		

Capital assets of the Discretely Presented Component Units consist of the following:

Depreciation expense on capital assets of the Development Authority was \$86,355 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTE 8 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2020, the Development Authority of McDuffie County and the City of Thomson (a discretely presented component unit) had the following notes receivable outstanding. The notes were collateralized by real estate.

Note receivable bearing interest at 2.75%, due in monthly installments of \$1,697, including principal and interest, maturing in 2024. (Reliant Medical Note)	\$ 64,774
Note receivable bearing interest at 2.50%, due in monthly installments of \$5,656, including principal and interest, maturing in 2026. (Augusta Coatings Note)	363,172
Note receivable bearing interest at 2.50%, due in monthly installments of \$2,768, including principal and interest, maturing in 2025. (Two State Note)	126,302
Note receivable bearing interest at 2.250%, due in monthly installments of \$2,125, including principal and interest, maturing in 2027. (Two State Note)	165,000
Note receivable bearing interest at 3.00%, due in monthly installments of \$1,209, including principal and interest, maturing in 2033. (Chardan Note)	 154,314
	\$ 873,562

NOTE 9 – LONG TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the long-term liability transactions for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Balance 1/1/2020		Balance 1/1/2020 Additions Deletions		Balance 12/31/2020		Due within One Year		
Governmental Activities					 				
2016 Bonds payable Accrued compensated absences	\$	3,620,000 347,639	\$	- 93,059	\$ (1,800,000)	\$	1,820,000 440,698	\$	1,820,000
Total debt - governmental activities	\$	3,967,639	\$	93,059	\$ (1,800,000)	\$	2,260,698	\$	1,820,000
Business-type Activities									
Accrued compensated absences Raysville Campground	\$	-	\$	1,013	\$ -	\$	1,013	\$	-
Accrued compensated absences Solid Waste		10,207		3,968	-		14,175		-
Accrued closure and postclosure costs		184,022			 (17,189)		166,833		
Total debt - business-type activities	\$	194,229	\$	4,981	\$ (17,189)	\$	182,021	\$	

Bonds Payable

In August 2018, the County entered into a bond agreement for \$5,585,000 bearing interest rates of 2.00% - 3.00% for the purpose to refund \$5,280,000 of the County's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for these bonds are as follows:

For the year ending			Total
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Debt Service
2021	1,820,0	000 27,300	1,847,300
Total	\$ 1,820,	000 \$ 27,300	\$ 1,847,300

NOTE 9 – LONG TERM DEBT - Continued Long Term Debt-Discretely Presented Component Units

	Balance			Balance	Due within
Health Department	7/1/2019	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2020	One Year
Accrued compensated absences	19,866	23,747	(11,051)	32,562	
Total debt	\$ 19,866	\$ 23,747	\$ (11,051)	\$ 32,562	\$ -
	Balance			Balance	Due within
Development Authority	1/1/2020	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2020	One Year
Note payable	\$ 210,589	<u>\$</u>	\$ (29,003)	\$ 181,586	\$ 29,737

The following is a summary of the Discretely Presented Component Units' long-term debt:

NOTE 10 – RETIREMENT PLAN

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The County sponsors the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Restated Pension Plan for McDuffie County Employees (The Plan), which is a defined benefit pension plan.

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan participants and beneficiaries. The Plan, through execution of the adoption agreement, is affiliated with the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Third Restated Defined Benefit Plan (an agent multiple-employer pension plan, administered by GEB Corp. The ACCG, in its role as the Plan Sponsor, has the sole authority to amend the provisions of the ACCG Plan, as provided in Section 19.03 of the ACCG Plan document. The County has the authority to amend the adoption agreement, which defines the specific benefit provisions of The Plan, as provided in Section 19.02 of the ACCG Plan document. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing Government Employees Benefits Corporation of Georgia, 400 Galleria Parkway, Suite 1250, Atlanta, Georgia 30339.

All full-time County employees are eligible to participate in the Plan after completing three years of service with benefits vesting after five years of service. Participants become eligible to retire with unreduced benefits at the earlier of age 65 with 5 years of participation in the Plan, or by age 62 with 35 years of service. Upon eligibility to retire, participants are entitled to a monthly benefit in the amount of 1% of average annual compensation up to \$10,000 plus 1.5% of average annual compensation in excess of \$10,000, plus \$36 for each year of service up to 35 years, payable as a ten-year certain and life annuity. Average annual compensation is calculated based on the highest five-year period during the ten years prior to retirement or termination. The Plan also provides benefits in the event of death or disability. These benefit provisions were established by an adoption agreement executed by the County Board of Commissioners.

Participant counts as of December 31, 2020, (the most recent actuarial valuation date) and covered compensation (based on covered earnings for the preceding year) are shown below:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	57
Terminated Plan participants entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	74
Active employees participating in the Plan	114
Total number of Plan participants	245
Part-time active employees not participating in the plan	20
Covered compensation for active participants	\$ 4,150,892

NOTE 10 – RETIREMENT PLAN- Continued

Contributions

The County is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the ACCG Plan trustees and must satisfy the minimum contribution requirement contained in the State of Georgia Statutes. Section 47-20 of the Georgia Code sets forth the funding standards for state and local governmental pension plans.

Net Pension Liability

The County's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. This date was used due to the timing of the actuarial valuation reports. The actuarial valuation reports are available after the subsequent year end.

The total pension liability as of December 31, 2020, valuation was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%	
Future Salary Increases	3.00%	per year with an age based scale
Investment rate of return	7.00%	per year

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males and Females set back two years for males and set back three years for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 1988 – January 1, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target				
Asset Class	Allocation	Range			
Fixed income:	30%	25%	- 35%		
Equities:	70%	65%	- 75%		
Domestic large equities	30%	25%	- 35%		
Domestic mid equities	5%	2.5%	- 10%		
Domestic small equities	5%	2.5%	- 10%		
REIT	5%	2.5%	- 10%		
International	15%	10%	- 20%		
Multi cap	5%	2.5%	- 10%		
Global allocation	<u>5%</u>	2.5%	- 10%		
TOTAL	100%				

*Rates shown are net of the 3.0% assumed rate of inflation

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 10 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continued Change in the Net Pension Liability

			Fiduciary Net		N	et Pension
	Per	nsion Liability		Position		Liability
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$	12,264,465	\$	10,562,061	\$	1,702,404
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		237,555		-		237,555
Interest		838,048		-		838,048
Liability experience (gain)/loss		204,046				204,046
Assumption change		29,745				29,745
Contribution-employer		-		397,889		(397,889)
Net investment income		-		1,392,089		(1,392,089)
Benefit payments		(584,700)		(584,700)		-
Administrative expense		-		(36,858)		36,858
Other changes		-		(45,194)		45,194
Net changes		724,694		1,123,226		(398,532)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	12,989,159	\$	11,685,287	\$	1,303,872

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$416,807. The required contribution for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$390,358.

The following presents the County's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		ent Discount	1	1% Increase
		<u>6.00%</u>	<u>R</u>	ate 7.00%		8.00%
County's Pension Liability	\$	2,811,289	\$	1,303,872	\$	37,560

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$416,807. At December 31, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions:

	Deferred Outflows	of Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Asset (Gain)/Loss	\$ 459,	958 \$ (1,351,510)
Liability (Gain)/Loss	309,	734 (12,540)
(Gain)/Loss due to Assumption Change	291,	- 024
Total	\$ 1,060,	716 \$ (1,364,050)

NOTE 10 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continued

Amounts report as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be amortized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) Recognized in Future Years

2021	96,045
2022	96,045
2023	96,045
Thereafter	15,198

Other State of Georgia Pension Plans

The Sheriff, Clerk of Superior Court, Probate Judge, Tax Commissioner, and various other employees of the County are covered by the State of Georgia retirement plans and are not included as a part of the County's plan described above. These State Plans are funded, in part, through County fines and forfeiture collections.

Information on the Sheriffs Retirement plan may be found at the following:

Georgia Sheriffs Association Retirement Fund P.O. Box 1000 Stockbridge, GA 30281

Information on the Clerk of Superior Court Retirement plan may be found at the following:

Superior Court Clerk's Retirement Fund of Georgia 124 N. McDonough St., #3 Jonesboro, GA 30236

Information on the Probate Judge Retirement plan may be found at the following:

Probate Retirement Fund of Georgia P.O. Box 56 Griffin, GA 30224

Information on the Tax Commissioners Retirement plan may be found at the following:

Employee Retirement System Two Northside 75, Suite 300 Atlanta, GA 30318

Deferred Compensation Plans

The County has adopted deferred compensation plans in accordance with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. The plans allow any employee participant to voluntarily defer the lesser of 100% of the participant's gross compensation or \$15,000 per year. All administrative costs of the plans are deducted from the participants' accounts. Benefit payments are payable upon termination of employment, unforeseeable emergency, retirement or death. The Custodial Account Agreement requires the County set aside assets and income from the plan in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The County is in compliance with the agreement.

Information about the GEBCorp Deferred Compensation plan may be found at the following:

The Charles Schwab Trust 425 Market Street, 7th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105

NOTE 10 – RETIREMENT PLAN – Continued

The County believes that it has no liability for losses under the plans but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

The investments are managed by the Plan Administrator in one of three investment options or a combination thereof. The available options include fixed annuity, variable annuity and universal life insurance. The participant makes the choice of investment option(s).

At December 31, 2020, 13.3%, or 49, of the County's 368 employees, were participants in the deferred compensation plans.

The employees of the County contributed \$105,026, respectively, to GEBCorp deferred compensation plan during the year ended December 31, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 2, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Compensation Plans Adopted under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 457*, established reporting requirements for IRC Section 457 plans. Based on the laws in effect at the time of its passage, that Statement required that all amounts deferred by the plan participants be reported as assets of the employer until made available to the participants or their beneficiaries. The laws governing these plans were changed to state that, as of August 20, 1996, new plans will not be considered eligible plans "unless all assets and income of the plan described in subsection (b)(6) are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries". In the case of an existing plan, a trust need not be established before January 1, 1999. Since the County amended its plan to comply with the requirements of subsection (g) of Internal Revenue Code Section 457, it has adopted GASB Statement No. 32, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*.

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT, LITIGATION, AND CONTINGENCIES

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the government is a member of a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments. The County has joined other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Inter-Local Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Association County Commissioners of Georgia Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund (ACCG-GSIWCF). As part of these risk pools, the Government is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The County is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds. The funds are to defend and protect members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all increst accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation, or defense.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims. Liabilities include amounts that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The liability for claims and judgments is reported as long-term debt because it is not expected that it will be liquidated from expendable available financial resources. As of December 31, 2020, the County had recorded no liability for claims.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT, LITIGATION, AND CONTINGENCIES - CONTINUED

The change in the balances of the workers' compensation pool claims during fiscal year 2020 is as follows:

Workers compensation	
	2020
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$ 562,115
Incurred claims	282,265
Claim payments	(79,753)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ 764,627

General, property, and vehicle liabilities are provided for by commercial insurance coverage. Insurance bonding in amounts proportionate to employee exposure provides surety coverage. The County is liable for the \$1,000 deductible. The change in the property and liability claims during the year 2020 is as follows:

General, property, and vehicle liabilities	
	2020
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$ 604,005
Incurred claims	94,370
Claim payments	(46,081)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ 652,294

Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal Government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the grantor, cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the County's management and counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the County.

NOTE 12 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Due From/To Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables account for loans between funds for cash management purposes. Interfund receivables and payables as of December 31, 2020 were as follows:

			N	on-major				
	(General		Govt				
Receivable Fund	Fund			Funds	 EMS	Total		
Hotel/Motel	\$	78,598	\$	-	\$ -	\$	78,598	
Multiple Grant Fund		17,974		208	5,032		23,214	
General Fund		3,598		178,019	 -		181,617	
Total	\$	100,170	\$	178,227	\$ 5,032	\$	283,429	

Transfers To/From Other Funds

Transfers between the General Fund and other governmental funds were primarily to support the operations of the funds.

NOTE 13 - NET POSITION/FUND EQUITY

			Т	ransfers in						
			Ν	on-major				Solid		
	(General		Govt				Waste		Total
Transfers out		Fund Funds		Funds	EMS		Landfill		Transfers Out	
	¢		¢	79 290	¢		¢		¢	79,290
General Fund	\$	-	\$	78,380	\$	-	\$	-	\$	78,380
SPLOST VI		-		1,872,600		-		-		1,872,600
Raysville Campground		-		14,945		-		-		14,945
Solid Waste		-		34,739		-		-		34,739
Non-major Govt Funds		72,635		-		666,446		6,671	. <u> </u>	745,752
Total- Transfers In	\$	72,635	\$	2,000,664	\$	666,446	\$	6,671	\$	2,746,416

Reservations of net position/fund equity are created to either satisfy legal covenants that require a portion of the fund balance be segregated or identify the portion of the fund balance that is not appropriated for future expenditures. Specific reservations of the fund balance accounts are summarized as follow:

Restricted for encumbrances – This reserve was created to represent encumbrances outstanding at the end of the year based on purchase orders and contracts signed by the County but not completed as of the close of the fiscal year.

Restricted for designated purposes – This reserve represents the portion of net position that is legally restricted for specified purposes.

Unrestricted – This represents the portion of net position that is not restricted and not designated for other purposes.

The McDuffie County Health Department had a deficit in unrestricted net position totaling \$195,430 as of June 30, 2020. The deficit will be funded through operations of the Department.

NOTE 14 – SOLID WASTE FUND

The County maintains a solid waste landfill facility, which was established as an enterprise fund as of January 1, 1993. The current landfill was closed during 1994, to avoid the thirty-year post-closure monitoring for leaks into the ground water and removal and treatment of leachate, as required by regulations issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. By closing the facility, the County is required to monitor the facility. The licensure process for a new landfill has been completed, and the permit has been extended until completion.

The Solid Waste Fund is expected ultimately to be self-supporting. All revenues related to the collection and disposal of solid waste, and the expenses related to the operation are reported in this fund.

Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 18 (GASB-18) was issued effective June 15, 1993, to establish accounting standards for reporting the liabilities associated with required closure and post-closure costs. The standard states that the total estimated current cost of closure and post-closure monitoring is to be recognized as a liability as the landfill's usable area is consumed. The estimated total current cost includes: (1) the cost of equipment expected to be installed and facilities expected to be constructed, (2) the cost of the final earth cover to be applied when the landfill is full, and (3) the estimated costs of monitoring and maintaining the landfill in the post closure period. The accrued closure and post-closure costs liability totaled \$166,833* as of December 31, 2020.

Costs for closure and post-closure care are based on engineering estimates and are subject to change based on various factors some of which include inflation, deflation, changes in technology, and changes in laws and regulations. These costs are to be funded by collection fees and by tonnage costs. Costs incurred during 2020 totaled \$17,189.

*Estimated to be \$382,805 per Georgia EPD in 2020

NOTE 15 -BIG HART AND RAYSVILLE CAMPGROUNDS FUND

Raysville Campground is located on Georgia's Little River, section of Clarks Hill Lake, the largest U.S. Corps of Engineers lake east of the Mississippi River. The 70,000 acre lake and its 1,000+ miles of shoreline provide excellent boating, water skiing, swimming, fishing, and hiking. The campground is situated in a wooded area on the waterfront and consists of 55 family campsites, all with 50-amp electrical hookups. Amenities include restrooms, showers, a dump station, boat ramp and dock.

Big Hart Campground is situated in a wooded area on the waterfront of Clarks Hill Lake. One group campsite and 31 family campsites are available, all with 50-amp electrical hookups. Amenities include flush and vault toilets, showers, drinking water, a dump station, playground, beach, boat ramp and dock.

The Big Hart and Raysville Campgrounds Fund is expected ultimately to be self-supporting. All revenues related to the rental and the expenses related to the operation are reported in this fund.

NOTE 16 - HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

McDuffie County has levied a 5% lodging tax pursuant to O.C.G.A. 48-13-51. At least 40% of the tax is to be used for tourism related purposes. During 2020, approximately 60% of receipts were allocated for tourism. Transactions for the year ended December 31, 2020 were as follows:

Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$	120,797
Tax Collections during 2020		195,462
Reimbursement received during 2020		1,720
Disbursements for promotion of tourism		(177,295)
Transfer to General Fund	. <u></u>	(60,783)
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$	79,901

NOTE 17 – JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the County in conjunction with other cities and counties in the Central Savannah River Area, is a member of the Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission (RC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended December 31, 2019, the County paid \$14,548 in such dues. Membership in the RC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. The RC board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

> Central Savannah River Area Regional Commission 3023 Riverwatch Parkway, Suite A Augusta, Georgia 30907-2018

NOTE 18 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were no material related party transactions during the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTE 19- Constitutional Officers and Firefighters Pension Plans

The County's Constitutional Officers and some of their staff and firefighters belong to one of six pension's plans, listed below, established by the Georgia General Assembly for providing retirement benefits for these participants. These plans are cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit plans.

Name of Pension Plan	Plan Website
Employees Retirement System of Georgia - Tax Commissioner	ers.ga.gov
Judges of the Probate Courts Retirement Fund of Georgia	pjrf.georgia.gov
Sheriffs' Retirement Fund of Georgia	georgiasheriffs.org
Peace Officers' Annuity & Benefit Fund of Georgia	poab.georgia.gov
Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fund	gfpf.org
Georgia Judicial Retirement System	ers.ga.gov

Pension liabilities and pension expense with all plans above combined and summarized as follows:

McDuffie County's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	-
State of Georgia's proportionate share of net pension liability associated with McDuffie County		459,917
Total	\$	459,917
McDuffie recognized pension expense	<u>\$</u>	105,925
McDuffie recognized revenue from State of Georgia support	\$	105,925

These plans are considered special funding situations; and 100% of the collective net pension liabilities are allocated to the State of Georgia. The County does not contribute to any of these plans.

Pension plan descriptions, assumptions and related disclosures may be found in separately issued reports at June 30, 2020 for each of these plans and are available at the websites listed above.

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

_

In preparing the financial statements, the County has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through June 18, 2020. Management has not identified any items requiring recognition or disclosure.

Big Hart & Raysville Campgrounds are leased from the Corps of Engineer and do not have any capital assets. The County is just managing the properties. Said premises are hereby leased for a term of five years, beginning March 20, 2015, and ending March 19, 2020. The lease has been renewed for another ten years, beginning March 20, 2020 and ending March 19, 2030.

On March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak a pandemic. The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has resulted in a significant impact on the economy and the financial markets. If this pandemic continues for a sustained period of time, the County may experience significant decreases in its (a) growth-oriented revenues (i.e. business licenses, building permits, hospitality taxes, etc.), (b) charges for services (i.e. utility charges, recreation charges, etc.), and (c) property tax revenues (i.e. business closures/failures, foreclosures, less vehicle purchases/taxes, etc.).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL <u>GENERAL FUND</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Cash Basis		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Property tax	\$ 4,530,031	\$ 4,530,031	\$ 4,115,917	\$ (414,114)
Property tax penalties	45,000	45,000	25,812	(19,188)
Prior year property tax	126,330	464,850	878,963	414,113
Local option sales tax	2,400,000	2,559,074	2,559,074	-
LOST-TAVT	-	-	-	-
TAVT	820,000	991,951	991,951	-
TAV - administration	35,000	35,000	24,705	(10,295)
SPLOST - TAVT	-	-	-	-
Alcohol beverage tax	220,000	220,000	220,425	425
Insurance premium tax Excise tax	270,000	- 150,000	- 184,924	- 34,924
Franchise tax	92,662	92,662	83,195	(9,467)
Motor vehicle tax	108,346	108,346	79,715	(28,631)
AAVT tax	9,000	15,700	15,668	(20,051) (32)
True up tax	-	-		(32)
Mobile home tax	60,371	60,371	63,102	2,731
Mobile home tax penalties	11,000	11,000	7,424	(3,576)
Timber tax	33,840	33,840	36,507	2,667
Light district	30,000	30,000	30,389	389
Railroad tax	8,000	8,000	10,367	2,367
Payments in lieu of tax	42,000	42,000	40,370	(1,630)
Commissions	285,000	285,000	282,226	(2,774)
FIFA	30,000	30,000	22,417	(7,583)
Motor vehicle late fee tax	43,000	43,000	4,875	(38,125)
BK lic tax	40,000	40,000	39,513	(487)
Equipment tax	100	100	39	(61)
Penalties and fines	29,250	29,250	14,473	(14,777)
Total taxes	9,268,930	9,825,175	9,732,051	(93,124)
Licenses and permits				
Beer and wine licenses	8,500	8,500	2,400	(6,100)
Alcohol licenses	20,000	20,000	12,275	(7,725)
Business licenses	70,000	70,000	82,033	12,033
Penalties and fines	500	500	-	(500)
Building permits and licenses	99,100	128,137	129,626	1,489
Total licenses and permits	198,100	227,137	226,334	(803)
Intergovernmental				
Reimbursements	1,060,678	1,114,989	974,512	(140,477)
Government center - City of Thomson	114,700	114,700	113,571	(1,129)
Home delivered meals	9,500	9,500	3,751	(5,749)
Grants	48,238	48,238	42,570	(5,668)
Tax assessor	2,000	4,350	3,526	(824)
Total intergovernmental	1,235,116	1,291,777	1,137,930	(153,847)
Charges for services				
Recreation fees	88,880	83,460	51,752	(31,708)
Senior citizens fees	20,000	8,000	4,219	(3,781)
Rent	169,466	169,466	197,189	27,723
Animal shelter	7,500	13,010	11,171	(1,839)
Sheriff Sheriff a durining to the	359,200	375,551	369,574	(5,977)
Sheriff administration	198,920	198,920	114,070	(84,850)
Transportation	4,025	6,025	- 5 105	-
Public works EMS			5,125	(900)
Vending machine	19,446	19,446	19,446 106	- 106
Fire fees	-	-	100	-
Total charges for services	867,437	873,878	772,652	(101,226)
rotar charges for services	007,437	013,010	112,032	(101,220)

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL <u>GENERAL FUND</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES - Continued				
Fines and forfeitures				
Superior court fines and fees	\$ 230,500	\$ 280,587	\$ 276,809	\$ (3,778)
Probate court fines and fees	630,010	630,010	351,025	(278,985)
Magistrate court fines and fees	86,000	86,000	52,408	(33,592)
Total fines and forfeitures	946,510	996,597	680,242	(316,355)
Other				
Flood control	2,000	2,000	1,791	(209)
Interest	58,000	58,000	21,479	(36,521)
Surplus sales	5,000	93,683	93,683	-
Scrap	5,000	5,000	1,529	(3,471)
Election qual	1,000	7,000	6,513	(487)
Airport-GA	1,000	1,000	-	(1,000)
Bad check	100	100	-	(100)
Employee relations	9,000	9,000	60	(8,940)
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	7,985	(2,015)
Total other	91,100	185,783	133,040	(52,743)
Total revenues	12,607,193	13,400,347	12,682,249	(718,098)
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Governing body	262,962	279,693	278,339	(1,354)
County manager	293,512	306,512	306,336	(176)
Elections office	285,073	363,513	362,441	(1,072)
Administration	1,075,116	1,616,490	691,175	(925,315)
Government center complex	118,327	118,327	109,828	(8,499)
Finance	304,888	304,888	298,882	(6,006)
Technical support	350,074	350,074	297,848	(52,226)
Tax commissioner	357,164	357,164	345,644	(11,520)
Tax assessor	390,529	390,529	356,714	(33,815)
Board of equalization	4,921	4,921	3,653	(1,268)
General government buildings	447,509	447,509	301,525	(145,984)
Superior court	132,740	145,826	121,048	(24,778)
Clerk of superior court	382,224	382,224	356,391	(25,833)
District attorney	93,133	111,983	106,239	(5,744)
Child support	6,000 165,699	6,000	4,864	(1,136)
Magistrate court Probate court	204,783	171,199 204,783	170,840 203,797	(359) (986)
Juvenile court	204,783 135,104	204,783	123,119	(11,985)
Public defender	87,424	87,424	87,308	(11,983) (116)
Planning and zoning	308,814	308,814	265,635	(110)
Total general government	5,405,996	6,092,977	4,791,626	(1,301,351)

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL <u>GENERAL FUND</u> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Cash Basis		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
EXPENDITURES - Continued Public safety				i
Sheriff	\$ 4,246,222	\$ 4,246,222	\$ 3,884,540	\$ (361,682)
Sheriff administrative	198,920	198,920	42,916	(156,004)
Fire	-	-	(280)	(280)
Emergency management	-	-	280	280
Inmate workforce	54,870	54,870	51,482	(3,388)
Coroner	33,637	35,637	35,459	(178)
Total public safety	4,533,649	4,535,649	4,014,397	(521,252)
Highways and streets				
Vehicle and equipment maintenance	228,405	228,405	187,136	(41,269)
Public works	1,142,209	1,177,209	1,176,804	(405)
Total highways and streets	1,370,614	1,405,614	1,363,940	(41,674)
Health and welfare				
Family and children services	40,527	40,527	33,900	(6,627)
Health department	118,450	147,432	146,851	(581)
Rural transportation	-	-		(301)
Senior citizens	117,243	117,243	84,883	(32,360)
Soil & waste conservation	500	500	350	(150)
Home delivered meals	60,331	60,331	40,008	(20,323)
Total health and welfare	337,051	366,033	305,992	(60,041)
Culture and recreation				
Library	93,278	93,278	93,278	_
Boys and Girls Club	5,400	7,784	7,703	(81)
Rockhouse	5,626	5,626	4,206	(1,420)
Recreation	743,420	743,420	650,350	(93,070)
Main Street Gym	9,552	9,752	9,225	(527)
Tourism	-	-	40	40
Development Authority	100,154	100,154	69,181	(30,973)
Total culture and recreation	957,430	960,014	833,983	(126,031)
Other				
Cooperative extension service	134,775	134,775	100,422	(34,353)
Airport	94,808	115,458	113,225	(2,233)
Forestry	8,820	8,820	8,820	(2,200)
Lawn care services	-	-	-	-
Employee relations	9,000	9,000	6,468	(2,532)
Recycling center	71,364	71,364	40,801	(30,563)
Animal shelter	113,056	113,056	86,354	(26,702)
Total other	431,823	452,473	356,090	(96,383)
Total Expenditures	13,036,563	13,812,760	11,666,028	(2,146,732)
Other financing sources				
Transfer out	44,257	7,354	54,032	46,678
Net change in fund balance	\$ (385,113)	\$ (405,059)	\$ 1,070,253	\$ 1,475,312
RECONCILIATION TO GAAP BASIS	φ (303,113)	φ (405,059)	φ 1,070,233	φ 1,+75,512
To record effect of changes in receivables and				
other assets and payables and other liabilities			(777,418)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			8,124,148	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 8,416,983	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY-ACCG PENSION PLAN FOR MCDUFFIE COUNTY EMPLOYEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 422,092	\$ 439,023	\$ 435,778	\$ 390,773	\$ 296,675	\$ 390,358
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually										
Required Contribution	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	422,092	439,023	435,778	390,773	296,675	390,358
Contributions Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-Employee Payroll Contribution as a Percentage of Covered-	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 4,008,169	\$ 3,943,434	\$ 3,706,447	\$ 3,821,798	\$ 3,916,301	\$ 4,150,892
Employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10.5%	11.1%	11.8%	10.2%	7.6%	9.4%

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS-ACCG PENSION PLAN FOR MCDUFFIE COUNTY EMPLOYEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

For the Year Ended December 31,	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Net pension liability	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 1,111,156 \$	1,679,221 \$	1,808,471 \$	602,704 \$	2,036,823 \$	1,303,872
Covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 4,008,169 \$	3,810,081 \$	3,581,137 \$	3,821,798 \$	3,916,301 \$	4,150,892
Net pension liability as a percentage of										
covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	27.70%	44.10%	50.50%	15.80%	52.00%	31.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of										
the total pension liability	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	87.70%	82.50%	82.40%	94.10%	81.50%	90.00%

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (JUNE 30, 2020 MEASUREMENT DATE)

	Employees						
	Retirement		Peace Officers'	Judges of the			
	System of	Georgia Judicial	Annuity &	Probate Courts	Sheriffs'	Georgia	
	Georgia - Tax	Retirement	Benefit Fund of	Retirement Fund	Retirement Fund	Firefighters'	
	Commissioner	System	Georgia	of Georgia	of Georgia	Pension Fund	
McDuffie County's proportion of net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
McDuffie County's proportionate share of net pension liability State of Georgia's proportionate share of net pension	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
liability associated with McDuffie	159,368	(38,811)	(10,757)	(135,060)	360,080	125,097	
Total	159,368	(38,811)	(10,757)	(135,060)	360,080	125,097	
McDuffie County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 138,498	\$ 84,661	\$ 1,721,951	\$ 60,850	\$ 98,789	\$ 1,770,013	
McDuffie County's proportionate share of net pension liability as percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.21%	57.38%	102.93%	127.65%	62.83%	84.67%	

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with the County that are not required legally, or by sound financial management, to be accounted for in another fund.

MCDUFFIE COUNTY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Jail Fund – to account for fines charged by the County that are to be used for jail improvements.

Drug Task Force Fund – to account for add-on fees received from fines to be used to assist with drug enforcement needs.

Drug Court Fund - to account for add-on fees received from fines to be used to assist with drug treatment needs.

Wireless Emergency Telephone System Fund – to account for collection of wireless 911 phone surcharges used for operation and maintenance of the 911-phone system.

Landfill Surcharge Fund - to account for fees received from Solid Waste.

Hotel/Motel Fund – to account for tax to be used for tourism-related purposes.

Law Library Fund- to account for receipt of fee revenue generated to support the legal library for the McDuffie County court system.

Juvenile Probation Fund – to account for fee revenue generated for juvenile probation.

Emergency Telephone System Fund – is used to account for the collection of 911 phone surcharges used for operation and maintenance of the 911-telephone system.

Drug Forfeiture Fund – to account for funds received as a result of property and cash seizures by the Sheriff's Department.

Transportation Fund – to account for fee revenue generated for transportation.

Multiple Grant Fund – to account for funds received as a result of multiple grants.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax IV Fund – to account for property acquisition and construction of projects designated to be funded by revenue from local option sales tax collections for the years 2004 - 2008.

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax V Fund – to account for property acquisition and construction of projects designated to be funded by revenue from local option sales tax collections for the years 2009-2013.

TSPLOST Fund – The TSPLOST Fund is used to account for the construction of transportation related projects funded by TPLOST.

Bond Fund – to account for the cost of the acquisition and furnishing of the City of Thomson/McDuffie County government center.

LMIG Fund – to account for the construction of transportation related projects funded by the LMIG.

CDBG Fund - to account for the construction related to projects funded by the CDBG grant.

MCDUFFIE COUNTY NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund – to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Lawn Care Services - to account for lawn care services rendered internally instead of outsourcing those services.

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS <u>DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	Special Revenue Funds		ernal ce Fund
	Wireless Hotel/ Emergency Emergency Law Juvenile Multiple Transportation Drug Task Motel Telephone Landfill Drug Telephone Jail Library Probation Grant Grant Force Drug Court Tax System Surcharge Forfeiture System		Total awn Nonmajor Care Governmental rvices Funds
Assets			
Assets Cash Investments Due from other funds		\$ 14,870 \$ 123,608 \$ 60,952 \$ 100 \$ 1,495,278 \$ 79,913 \$ - \$ 15,577 \$ 	- \$ 2,993,975 - 101,812
Other receivables Intergovernmental receivables	<u> </u>		- 90,433 - <u>316,044</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 255,243</u> <u>\$ 17,435</u> <u>\$ 47,215</u> <u>\$ 29,474</u> <u>\$ 66,325</u> <u>\$ 325,610</u> <u>\$ 86,729</u> <u>\$ 92,730</u> <u>\$ 51,545</u> <u>\$ 70,182</u> <u>\$ 228,225</u> <u>\$ 266,124</u>	<u>\$ 14,870</u> <u>\$ 123,608</u> <u>\$ 60,952</u> <u>\$ 100</u> <u>\$ 1,670,407</u> <u>\$ 79,913</u> <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ 15,577</u> <u>\$</u>	- \$ 3,502,264
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other funds	\$ 796 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,454 \$ 9,922 \$ 100 \$ 9,268 \$ 12,199 \$ 100 \$ 65 \$ - \$ 27,412 28,556 631 4,720 108 30,902		2,837 \$ 225,753 454 34,361
Total Liabilities	<u>796 108 - 1,454 69,380 100 9,268 12,830 100 65 - 32,132</u>	14,870 390 412 100 145,628 147,417	3,291 438,341
Fund balances Capital Projects Special Revenues Debt Service	254,447 17,327 47,215 28,020 (3,055) 325,510 77,461 79,900 51,445 70,117 228,225 233,992		- 1,708,537 - 1,343,100 (3,291) 12,286
Total Fund Balances	254,447 17,327 47,215 28,020 (3,055) 325,510 77,461 79,900 51,445 70,117 228,225 233,992	- 123,218 60,540 - 1,524,779 (67,504) - 15,577	(3,291) 3,063,923
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 255,243</u> <u>\$ 17,435</u> <u>\$ 47,215</u> <u>\$ 29,474</u> <u>\$ 66,325</u> <u>\$ 325,610</u> <u>\$ 86,729</u> <u>\$ 92,730</u> <u>\$ 51,545</u> <u>\$ 70,182</u> <u>\$ 228,225</u> <u>\$ 266,124</u>	<u>\$ 14,870</u> <u>\$ 123,608</u> <u>\$ 60,952</u> <u>\$ 100</u> <u>\$ 1,670,407</u> <u>\$ 79,913</u> <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ 15,577</u> <u>\$</u>	- \$ 3,502,264

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds							Capital Projects Funds								Internal Service Fund	,					
	Jail	Law Library	Juvenile Probation	Multiple Grant	Transportation Grant	Drug Task Force	Drug Court	Hotel/ Motel Tax	Wireless Emergency Telephone System	Landfill Surcharge	Drug Forfeiture	Emergency Telephone System	LMIG	SPLOST IV	SPLOST V	<u>SPLOST VII</u>	TSPLOST	CDBG	Bond Fund	Debt Service	Lawn Care Services	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues																						
Fees for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 90	\$ -	\$ 14,562	\$ -	\$ 13,717	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ 28,369
Fines and forfeitures	48,505	11,978	-	-	-	24,167	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	84,650
Intergovernmental	-	· -	-	37,875	286,402	-	149,617	-		-	-	609,908	500,696	-	(27,443)	-	1,052,453	770,592	-	-	-	3,380,100
Interest income	-	8	-	· -	-	-	-	-		-	6	-	-	428	279	-	3,249	· · -	-	733	-	4,703
Other		-			-		-	1,720				116,653	-	-	-	-	46,550	-		-	-	164,923
Taxes								195,462									965,534					1,160,996
Total Revenues	48,505	11,986	90	37,875	300,964	24,167	163,334	197,182			6	726,561	500,696	428	(27,164)		2,067,786	770,592		733		4,823,741
Expenditures																						
Current																						
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,495	-	-	-	-		-	2,666	-	-	-	78,013	82,174
Public safety	17,903	-	-	-	-	-	110,605	-	-	-	-	647,263	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	775,771
Public works	-	-	-	23,929	305,903	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	23,094		-	-	352,926
Culture and recreation	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	390	312	-	12,257	-	-	-	-	12,959
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	38,309	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	38,309
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	177,295		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	177,295
Judicial		10,948			-		-					-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	10,948
Capital outlay																			-			-
General government		-			-		-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Public works					-		-	-				-	500,696	-	-	-	1,632,256	112,601		-	-	2,245,553
Public safety		-	-		-		-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Health and welfare		-			-		-	-				-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	_
Culture and recreation		-			-			-					-	_		-				-	-	-
Economic development	_	_	_			-	-	-		_	_	_	_	_		_			-			_
Debt Service:																						
																				1,800,000		1,800,000
Principal Interest																				72,600		72,600
Total Expenditures	17,903	10,948		23,929	305,903		110,605	177,295		1,495	38,309	647,263	500,696	390	312		1,647,179	135,695		1,872,600	78,013	5,568,535
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																						
over expenditures	30,602	1,038	90	13,946	(4,939)	24,167	52,729	19,887		(1,495)	(38,303)	79,298	_	38	(27,476)	_	420,607	634,897	_	(1,871,867)	(78,013)	(744,794)
-	50,002	1,050	,0	15,740	(4,757)	24,107	52,127	19,007				17,270		50	(27,470)		420,007	054,677				-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,739	18,603	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,872,600	74,722	
Transfers out							(11,852)	(60,783))	(6,671)								(666,446)				(745,752)
Net Change	30,602	1,038	90	13,946	(4,939)	24,167	40,877	(40,896)) -	26,573	(19,700)	79,298	-	38	(27,476)	-	420,607	(31,549)	-	733	(3,291)	510,118
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	223,845	16,289	47,125	14,074	1,884	301,343	36,584	120,796	51,445	43,544	247,925	154,694		123,180	88,016		1,104,172	(35,955)		14,844		2,553,805
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 254,447	\$ 17,327	\$ 47,215	\$ 28,020	\$ (3,055)	\$ 325,510	\$ 77,461	\$ 79,900	\$ 51,445	\$ 70,117	\$ 228,225	\$ 233,992	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 123,218	\$ 60,540	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,524,779	\$ (67,504)	\$ -	\$ 15,577	\$ (3,291)	\$ 3,063,923

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

15,577

\$

	 Original Final Budget Budget		 Actual	Variance Over (Under)		
Revenues Interest Prior year	\$ 2,200	\$	2,200	\$ 733	\$	(1,467)
Total Revenues	 2,200		2,200	 733		(1,467)
Expenditures General government	 1,872,600		1,872,600	 1,872,600		
Total Expenditures	 1,872,600		1,872,600	 1,872,600		
Other Financing Sources Transfers	 1,870,400		1,870,400	 1,872,600		2,200
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$		733	\$	733
Fund Balance, beginning of year				 14,844		

Fund Balance, end of year

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL JAIL FUND <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	Original Budget		 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance Over (Under)	
Revenues						
Fines and forfeitures Prior year	\$	47,400	\$ 47,400	\$ 47,535	\$	- 135
Total Revenues		47,400	 47,400	 47,535		135
Expenditures						
Public safety		40,400	40,400	18,219		(22,181)
Capital outlay		7,000	 7,000	 		(7,000)
Total Expenditures		47,400	 47,400	 18,219		(29,181)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$ _	29,316	\$	29,316
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis						
To record effect of changes in receivables and other assets and payables and other liabilities				1,286		
Fund Balance, beginning of year				 223,845		
Fund Balance, end of year				\$ 254,447		

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL LAW LIBRARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		 Variance Over (Under)
Revenues						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 13,000	\$	13,000	\$	11,978	\$ (1,022)
Interest income	10		10		8	(2)
Other	-		-		-	-
Prior year	 3,282		3,282			 (3,282)
Total Revenues	 16,292		16,292		11,986	 (4,306)
Expenditures						
General government	 16,292		16,292		10,968	 (5,324)
Total Expenditures	 16,292		16,292		10,968	 (5,324)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$			1,018	\$ 1,018
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis						
To record effect of changes in receivables and other assets and payables and other liabilities					20	
Fund Balance, beginning of year					16,289	
Fund Balance, end of year				\$	17,327	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL JUVENILE PROBATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	riginal udget	 Final Budget	Actu	ual	 Variance Over (Under)
Revenues					
Fees for services	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$	90	\$ (910)
Total Revenues	 1,000	 1,000		90	 (910)
Expenditures					
Public safety	 1,000	 1,000			 (1,000)
Total Expenditures	 1,000	 1,000			 (1,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$ 		90	\$ 90
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis To record effect of changes in receivables and other assets and payables and other liabilities				-	
Fund Balance, beginning of year				47,125	
Fund Balance, end of year			\$	47,215	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL DRUG TASK FORCE FUND <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

		riginal Judget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance Over (Under)
Revenues					
Fines and forfeitures	<u>\$</u>	15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 24,904	\$ 9,904
Total Revenues		15,000	 15,000	 24,904	 9,904
Expenditures					
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Public safety		15,000	 15,000	 -	 (15,000)
Total Expenditures		15,000	 15,000	 	 (15,000)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers			 	 -	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$ 	24,904	\$ 24,904
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis To record effect of changes in receivables and other assets and payables and other liabilities				(737)	
oner assets and payables and only indomnes				(151)	
Fund Balance, beginning of year				 301,343	
Fund Balance, end of year				\$ 325,510	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 Original Budget		Final Budget	 Actual	_	Variance Over (Under)
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 290,500	\$	200,000	\$ 197,832	\$	(2,168)
Other	-		-	1,720		1,720
Prior year	 -		31,000	 		(31,000)
Total Revenues	 290,500		231,000	 199,552		(31,448)
Expenditures						
General government	 183,867		161,270	 169,844		8,574
Total Expenditures	 183,867		161,270	 169,844		8,574
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers	 (106,633)	_	(69,730)	 (60,783)	_	8,947
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$		(31,075)	\$	(31,075)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis						
To record effect of changes in receivables and other assets and payables and other liabilities				(9,821)		
Fund Balance, beginning of year				 120,796		
Fund Balance, end of year				\$ 79,900		

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance Over (Under)
Revenues				
Fees for services	\$ 377,000	\$ 377,000	\$ 463,842	\$ 86,842
Intergovernmental	 389,450	 389,450	 234,206	 (155,244)
Total Revenues	 766,450	 766,450	 698,048	 (68,402)
Expenditures				
Public safety	 766,450	 766,450	 659,843	 (106,607)
Total Expenditures	 766,450	 766,450	 659,843	 (106,607)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers from General Fund	 (300,000)	 (300,000)	 	 300,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (300,000)	\$ (300,000)	38,205	\$ 38,205
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis To record effect of changes in receivables and				
other assets and payables and other liabilities			41,093	
Fund Balance, beginning of year			 154,694	
Fund Balance, end of year			\$ 233,992	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL LANDFILL SURCHARGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
Revenues				
Fees for services		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Prior year				
Total Revenues				<u> </u>
Expenditures				
Other	-	-	1,495	1,495
Capital outlay	75,000	75,000	7,439	(67,561)
Total Expenditures	75,000	75,000	8,934	(66,066)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers	75,000	75,000	26,260	(48,740)
Net Change in Fund Balance			17,326	17,326
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis To record effect of changes in receivables and				
other assets and payables and other liabilities			9,247	
Fund Balance, beginning of year			43,544	
Fund Balance, end of year			\$ 70,117	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL WIRELESS EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
Revenues				
Prior year	\$ 7,063	\$ 7,063	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (7,063</u>)
Total Revenues	7,063	7,063		(7,063)
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	7,063	7,063		(7,063)
Total Expenditures	7,063	7,063		(7,063)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	-	<u>\$</u>
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis To record effect of changes in receivables and other assets and payables and other liabilities			-	
Fund Balance, beginning of year			51,445	
Fund Balance, end of year			\$ 51,445	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL DRUG FORFEITURE FUND <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	riginal udget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance Over (Under)
Revenues				
Federal	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ -	\$ (1,500)
State	5,000	19,000	18,603	(397)
Interest	10	10	6	(4)
Prior year	 15,690	 19,999	 -	 (19,999)
Total Revenues	 22,200	 40,509	 18,609	 (21,900)
Expenditures				
Public safety	 22,200	 40,509	 38,309	 (2,200)
Total Expenditures	 22,200	 40,509	 38,309	 (2,200)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 	(19,700)	\$ (19,700)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis To record effect of changes in receivables and other assets and payables and other liabilities			-	
Fund Balance, beginning of year			 247,925	
Fund Balance, end of year			\$ 228,225	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL LMIG FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Original Budget		 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance Over (Under)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	465,000	\$ 547,250	\$ 500,696	\$	(46,554)	
Total Revenues		465,000	 547,250	 500,696		(46,554)	
Expenditures							
Public works		465,000	 547,250	 532,476		(14,774)	
Total Expenditures		465,000	 547,250	 532,476		(14,774)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ -	(31,780)	\$	(31,780)	
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis To record effect of changes in receivables other assets and payables and other liabili				31,780			
Fund Balance, beginning of year				 			
Fund Balance, end of year				\$ 			

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL DRUG COURT <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

		Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual	 Variance Over (Under)
Revenues					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	159,900	\$ 159,900	\$ 101,334	\$ (58,566)
Other		-	-	-	-
Prior year		-	 -		 -
Total Revenues	<u>.</u>	159,900	 159,900	101,334	 (58,566)
Expenditures					
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Public safety		153,900	 153,900	108,432	 (45,468)
Total Expenditures		153,900	 153,900	108,432	 (45,468)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers		(6,000)	 (6,000)	(11,851)	 (5,851)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$ 	(18,949)	\$ (18,949)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis					
To record effect of changes in receivables and other assets and payables and other liabilities				59,826	
Fund Balance, beginning of year				36,584	
Fund Balance, end of year				\$ 77,461	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL CDBG FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance Over (Under)		
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,790,958	\$	770,592	\$	(1,020,366)	
mergovernmentar	Ψ	1,000,000	ψ	1,790,950	Ψ	110,372	Ψ	(1,020,500)	
Total Revenues		1,000,000		1,790,958		770,592		(1,020,366)	
Expenditures									
Capital outlay		1,000,000		1,790,958		809,492		(981,466)	
Total Expenditures		1,000,000		1,790,958		809,492		(981,466)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$			(38,900)	\$	(38,900)	
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis To record effect of changes in receivable						5.051			
other assets and payables and other liabil	ties					7,351			
Fund Balance, beginning of year						(35,955)			
Fund Balance, end of year					\$	(67,504)			

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL TRANSPORTATION FUND <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance Over (Under)
Revenues				
Fees for services	\$ 188,160	\$ 248,198	\$ 269,011	\$ 20,813
Intergovernmental	 109,876	 64,838	 10,158	 (54,680)
Total Revenues	 298,036	 313,036	 279,169	 (33,867)
Expenditures				
Health and welfare	 298,036	 313,036	 310,280	 (2,756)
Total Expenditures	 298,036	 313,036	 310,280	 (2,756)
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers from General Fund	 	 	 	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$ 	(31,111)	\$ (31,111)
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis				
To record effect of changes in receivables and				
other assets and payables and other liabilities			26,172	
Fund Balance, beginning of year			 1,884	
Fund Balance, end of year			\$ (3,055)	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL MULTIPLE GRANT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Origina Budge		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Over (Under)
Revenues						
Grant revenues	\$	49,716	\$ 56,8	<u>\$23</u>	49,409	\$ (7,414)
Total Revenues		49,716	56,8	23	49,409	 (7,414)
Expenditures						
Capital outlay		-		-	-	-
Grant expenditures		49,716	56,8		24,410	 (32,413)
Total Expenditures		49,716	56,8	23	24,410	 (32,413)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	-	24,999	\$ 24,999
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis To record effect of changes in receivables and						
other assets and payables and other liabilities					(11,053)	
Fund Balance, beginning of year					14,074	
Fund Balance, end of year				\$	28,020	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets that are held by the government as the agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Clerk of Court – to account for the receipt and disbursement of court ordered fines and fees made on behalf of third parties.

Probate Court – to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds held on behalf of others and fees for services provided under State law.

Sheriff - to account for the receipt and disbursement of fees and services provided under State law.

Tax Commissioner - to account for tax billings, collections, and remittances held by the Tax Commissioner on behalf of other governmental agencies.

Magistrate's Court – to account for the receipt and disbursement of bonds and court ordered fines and fees made on behalf of third parties.

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET FIDUCIARY FUNDS <u>DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

			A	Agency Funds					
	 Clerk of Court	 Probate Court		Sheriff		Tax Commissioner		Magistrate Court	 Total
Assets									
Assets									
Cash	\$ 398,551	\$ 52,536	\$	36,541	\$	317,053	\$	25,480	\$ 830,161
Total Assets	\$ 398,551	\$ 52,536	\$	36,541	\$	317,053	\$	25,480	\$ 830,161
Liabilities									
Liabilities									
Due to General Fund	\$ 25,545	\$ 25,134	\$	-	\$	78,287	\$	4,278	\$ 133,244
Due to others	 373,006	 27,402		36,541		238,766		21,202	 696,917
Total Liabilities	\$ 398,551	\$ 52,536	\$	36,541	\$	317,053	\$	25,480	\$ 830,161

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

					A	gency Fund	s				
	(Clerk of Court]	Probate Court		Sheriff		Tax Commissioner		lagistrate Court	 Total
Assets											
Cash											
Balance at beginning of year	\$	272,069	\$	36,661	\$	53,814	\$	268,043	\$	26,531	\$ 657,118
Additions		882,991		704,835		503,254		22,216,146		147,148	24,454,374
Deletions		756,509		688,960		520,527		22,167,136		148,199	 24,281,331
Balance at end of year		398,551		52,536		36,541		317,053		25,480	 830,161
Total Assets	\$	398,551	\$	52,536	\$	36,541	\$	317,053	\$	25,480	\$ 830,161
Liabilities											
Due to others											
Balance at beginning of year	\$	272,069	\$	36,661	\$	53,814	\$	268,043	\$	26,531	\$ 657,118
Additions		882,991		704,835		503,254		22,216,146		147,148	24,454,374
Deletions		756,509		688,960		520,527		22,167,136		148,199	 24,281,331
Balance at end of year		398,551		52,536		36,541		317,053		25,480	 830,161
Total Liabilities	\$	398,551	\$	52,536	\$	36,541	\$	317,053	\$	25,480	\$ 830,161

This page left blank intentionally.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX 2004-2008 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Project: SPLOST IV

McDuffie County/City of Thomson, Georgia Town of Dearing, Georgia Street and Capital Outlay Projects

Purpose (in funding sequence)	Estimated Cost	Revised Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Funded simultaneously						
City of Thomson						
Ladder truck	517,000	517,000	517,000	-	517,000	100%
Breathing appartus	65,000	64,242	64,242	-	64,242	100%
T/E Project	260,000	260,000	259,212		259,212	100%
Big Creek	2,515,000	3,370,550	3,370,550		3,370,550	100%
Scada	175,000	143,273	143,273		143,273	100%
Other city water/sewer projects	721,000	130,032	213,469		213,469	164%
Development Authority	_					
Economic Development	1,900,000	1,710,250	1,369,504		1,369,504	80%
Thomson Company	500,000	689,750	932,966		932,966	135%
McDuffie County	_					
Boys & Girls Club		117,909	116,894	-	116,894	99%
Water and Sewer	2,906,998	768,145	633,380		633,380	82%
Airport		8,240	10,443		10,443	127%
Road Construction and						0.051
Improvements	2,721,482	2,795,178	2,748,493		2,748,493	98%
Recreation	2,500,000	2,453,644	2,512,123		2,512,123	102%
Technology Land	50,000	25,621	25,709		- 25,709	- 100%
Public Safety	242,002	24.440				00/
Pumpers (2) Fire Station #1	243,992 1,044,114	34,440 1,086,477	1,179,433	-	1,179,433	0% 109%
Fire Station #6	-	1,000,477	-	-	-	10970
Brush trucks (2)	_	61,340	61,340	-	61,340	100%
Rescue Truck	61,340	01,510		-		10070
Information Technology	50,000		-	-	-	
Gear	520	47,810	59,938		59,938	125%
Government Complex	1,600,000	2,514,038	2,524,871		2,524,871	100%
Government Complex	100,000	101,552	97,255	-	97,255	96%
Senior Citizens Center						
Senior Citizens Center		23,397	23,685		23,685	101%
Department Family & Children						
Improvements		3,999	3,999		3,999	100%
Advertising Costs			1,170	390	1,560	
McDuffie County Hospital						
Ambulances (3)	270,000	234,630	234,630		234,630	100%
Cardiac monitor		41,928	41,928		41,928	100%
Hospital Expansion	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000	100%
Town of Dearing						
Fire Station		25,000	25,000		25,000	100%
Gym Renovations		78,331	78,331		78,331	100%
Totals	\$ 19,201,446	\$ 18,306,776	\$ 18,248,838	\$ 390	\$ 18,249,228	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX 2009-2014 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Purpose (in funding sequence)	Original Estimated Cost	Revised Estimated Cost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Estimated Percentage of Completion
Funded simultaneously						
City of Thomson						
City Street Resurfacing	700,000	630,000	624,385		624,385	99%
City Fire Engine	300,000	283,997	283,997		283,997	100%
City Station #2 improvements	100,000	50,000	-		-	0%
Skate Park	300,000	198,554	198,554		198,554	100%
Walking Track	25,000	23,523	23,523		23,523	100%
Wate r/Se we r						
Water Line Replacement	120,000	98,918	98,917		98,917	100%
Sewer Plant Improvement	1,000,000	1,000,468	1,022,409		1,022,409	102%
Usry Pond Improvement	750,000	-	-		-	0%
Augusta Road Plant Project	1,250,000	255,481	224,739		224,739	88%
Raising Usry Pond Dam	690,000	-	-		-	0%
Big Creek		34,590	34,590		34,590	100%
De-watering Project		988,276	988,278		988,278	100%
Development Authority						
Land Development	250,000	75,000	81,349	27,443	108,792	145%
Land Acquisition	250,000	75,000	-		-	0%
Thomson Company Redevelopment	250,000	150,000	126,430		126,430	84%
Infrastructure	150,000	240,000	293,917		293,917	122%
Information Technology	50,000	50,000	68,174		68,174	136%
Landscaping/Signage	50,000	10,000	-		-	0%
McDuffie County						
Government Center Complex						
Government Center	11,510,428	12,229,377	10,189,507		10,189,507	83%
Roads & Streets						
County Road Resurfacing	1,800,000	1,620,000	1,608,562		1,608,562	99%

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX 2009-2014 <u>FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020</u>

(Continued)

Purpose (in funding sequence)	Original Estimated Cost	Estin	vised nated ost	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	
Airport							
Runway Overlay	200,000	160,000	169,269		169,269	106%	
Recreation							
Restrooms @ Sweetwater Park Football	75,000	71,712	71,712		71,712	100%	
Bleachers for Gym @ Sweetwater Park	57,000	42,594	42,594		42,594	100%	
Outdoor Bleachers Cover for Shade	75,000				-	0%	
Walking Track Improvements @ Sweetwater	60,000	14,709	14,709		14,709	100%	
Recreation other	690,000	150,673	167,927		167,927	111%	
Land Acquisition for City Parks	108,000	91,081	91,200		91,200	100%	
Information Technology							
New Computer Applications & Improvements	500,000	500,000	500,000		500,000	100%	
Public Safety							
EMS, 2 Ambulances	225,000	225,000	225,000		225,000	100%	
County Fire Engine	300,000	291,621	291,621		291,621	100%	
County Brush Truck	100,000	105,452	100,673		100,673	95%	
County Fire Service Truck	150,000	59,809	64,588		64,588	108%	
County Station #4	150,000	176,622	176,788		176,788	100%	
Advertising Costs			1,268	312	1,580		
Banking fees			50		50		
McDuffie County Hospital							
New Inpatient Unit (Partial for Debt Service)	3,000,000	500,000	500,000		500,000	100%	
Town of Dearing							
City Hall Playground Area &		78,816	78,816		78,816	100%	
Bill Eubanks Improvement	150,000	5,913	5,913		5,913	100%	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX 2015-2019 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Project: SPLOST VI

McDuffie County/City of Thomson, Georgia Town of Dearing, Georgia Street and Capital Outlay Projects

	Original Estimated	Revised Estimated	Prior	Current		Estimated Percentage of
Purpose (in funding sequence)	Cost	Cost	Years	Year	Total	Completion
Funded simultaneously						
CITY OF THOMSON						
City HVAC, Lighting, Plumbing	96,000	96,000				0%
City shop improvements	150,000	150,000				0%
City fire protection equipment	400,000	400,000				0%
Capital Equipment - City	140,000	140,000				0%
Grant Match for storm water improvements	75,000	75,000				0%
City Street Improvements/Equipment	715,040	715,040	244,406	4,500	248,906	35%
Fire station facilities improvements	350,000	350,000		3,683	3,683	1%
Wate r/Se we r						
Capital Equipment, Water and Sewer Distribution	80,000	80,000		29,850	29,850	37%
Sewer Main Improvements and Grant Match	250,000	250,000	248,779		248,779	100%
Vacuum Truck for clearing	150,000	150,000		125,142	125,142	83%
Sewer plant improvements						0%
Sludge Dewatering	750,000	750,000				0%
Headworks Improvements	350,000	350,000				0%
Generator	75,000	75,000				0%
DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY						
Industrial Capital Improvements	500,000	500,000				0%
Rock House Improvements	450,000	450,000	12,032		12,032	3%
MCDUFFIE COUNTY						0% 0%
	_					
Airport	150,000	150,000	147,250	5,445	152,695	102%
Airport Infrastructure improvements and grant match	150,000	150,000	147,230	5,445	152,095	10270
Energy Efficiency Imporvement Projects						
County HVAC, Lighting, Plumbing	204,000	204,000	64,200		64,200	31%
Government Center Complex						
Government Center Debt	11,556,151	11,556,151	5,589,324	1,872,600	7,461,924	65%
Information Technology						
SCADA Upgrades	75,000	75,000		1,147	1,147	2%
Computer applications and improvements	100,000	100,000	162,547	11,306	173,853	174%
County Maintenance Shop						
County shop improvements	160,000	160,000				0%

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX 2015-2019 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

rublic Salety						
Law enforcement center improvements	1,900,000	1,900,000	1,900,000		1,900,000	100%
Fire stations	100,000	100,000	100,000		100,000	100%
County Fire Protection equipment	800,000	800,000		386,860	386,860	48%
Ambulances (2)	250,000	250,000	210,454		210,454	84%
Animal Shelter	40,000	40,000				0%
Air Compressor	45,000	45,000				0%
Recreation						
Recreation Facilities	400,000	400,000	412,660		412,660	103%
Recreation Equipment	215,000	215,000	44,073		44,073	20%
Roads/Streets						
Capital Equipment - County	300,000	300,000				0%
County Road Improvements/Equipment	1,781,960	1,781,960	143,781	285,021	428,802	24%
Solid Waste						
Current station replacement	100,000	100,000				0%
Inert landfill improvements	200,000	200,000				0%
TOWN OF DEARING						
Dearing fire equipment	15,000	15,000				0%
Dearing recreation	77,000	77,000				0%
Advertising Costs			1,370	351	1,721	
TOTALS	\$ 23,000,151 \$	5 23,000,151	\$ 9,280,876 \$	2,725,904 \$	12,006,781	

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX 2015-2019 FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Project:	Community Development Block Grant				
Public Facilities:	Community Housing Investment Program				
Grant Number:	CH16YMCDU-05				
Commencement of Project :	September 2008				
					Estimated
	Original				Percentage
	Estimated	Prior	Current		of
Purpose	Cost	Years	Year	Total	Completion
Improvements	<u>\$ 45.000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 30,534</u>	<u>\$ 30,534</u>	68%

This page left blank intentionally.



4210 Columbia Road | Building 10 | Suite 101 | Augusta, GA 30907 *www.bairdgroupcpa.com* | Tel. (706) 855-9500 | Fax (706) 855-2900

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners McDuffie County, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of McDuffie County, Georgia, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise McDuffie County, Georgia 's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 18, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of McDuffie County Health Department, as described in our report on the McDuffie County, Georgia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered McDuffie County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of McDuffie County, Georgia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the McDuffie County, Georgia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether McDuffie County, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

McDuffie County, Georgia

Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bail audit Shoup, SLC

The Baird Audit Group, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Augusta, Georgia June 18, 2021

COMPLIANCE SECTION

MCDUFFIE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

U.S. Department of Transportation	5,195
	<i>'</i>
(Passed through Georgia Department of Transportation)	<i>'</i>
Transit Operating Assistance 20.509 2086-00-25-8202.0452 \$160	. 700
Transit Operating Assistance 20.509 2086-00-25-8202.0452 \$139	
\$30:	5,903
Transportation Services 20.509 T0066181- FY20 \$6	5,348
Transportation Services 20.509 T0066181- FY21	\$0
	5,348
Total U.S. Department of Transportation \$312	2,251
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services	
(Passed through CSRA Regional Development Center)	
Title III/Social Service Block Grant 93.044 19-08-0452 \$3	7,778
\$	7,778
(Passed through Economic Opportunities Authority)	
Community Block Grant/EOA Nutrition 93.569 FY21 \$	5,916
Community Block Grant/EOA Nutrition 93.569 FY20 \$	3,195
\$14	4,111
COVID 19 -CARES Act 21.019 14816-CRF-2020 \$666	5,446
	5,412
	1,858
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services \$733	3,747
(Passed through Department of Housing &	
Urban Development)	
Special Project Appropriations 14.239 CH16YMCDU-05 \$30),534
),534
\$1.07(6.532

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards

\$1,076,532

MCDUFFIE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 30, 2020</u>

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of McDuffie County, Georgia (the County) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 NON-CASH AWARDS

The County did not receive any non-cash federal awards during the year ended December 31, 2020.



4210 Columbia Road | Building 10 | Suite 101 | Augusta, GA 30907 *www.bairdgroupcpa.com* | Tel. (706) 855-9500 | Fax (706) 855-2900

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Commissioners McDuffie County, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited McDuffie County, Georgia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of McDuffie County, Georgia's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020. McDuffie County, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of McDuffie County, Georgia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about McDuffie County, Georgia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of McDuffie County, Georgia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, McDuffie County, Georgia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of McDuffie County, Georgia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered McDuffie County, Georgia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of McDuffie County, Georgia's internal control over compliance.

McDuffie County, Georgia

Page 2

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baild audit Shoup HC

The Baird Audit Group, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Augusta, Georgia June 18, 2021

MCDUFFIE COUNTY, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

I. Summary of Auditors' Results

- A. The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of McDuffie County, Georgia.
- B. No significant deficiencies were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- C. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of McDuffie County, Georgia, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- D. No significant deficiencies in internal controls over major federal award programs were disclosed during the audit.
- E. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for McDuffie County, Georgia expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- F. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance are reported in this schedule.
- G. Major federal program for McDuffie County, Georgia for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, are:

Program Name	CFDA#
Covid 19 - Cares Act	21.019

- H. The threshold for determining Type A programs for McDuffie County, Georgia is \$750,000. The program listed above was a type B program.
- I. McDuffie County qualified as a low- risk auditee but high-risk auditee for the major federal program.